FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

VOL. XXXVIII.] FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 27, 1854. [NO. 1956.]

[illegible] J. HALE & SON, [illegible]ORS AND PROPRIETORS.

[illegible] in advance $2 50 [illegible] of subscription, or [illegible] expired.

[illegible] WEEKLY OBSERVER $3 00 if [illegible] $2 50 if paid during the year [illegible] or $4 00 after the year has [illegible]

HARRINGTON'S MALE AND FEMALE SCHOOL.

[illegible] S. HARRINGTON, PRINCIPAL.
[illegible] ANN MARGARET McEACHIN, Teacher in the [illegible]
[illegible] Assistant in the Male Department.

T[illegible] Session of the School opens JULY the [illegible] December 1st. [illegible] Scholarship and Department [illegible] and no student found [illegible] character, will be permitted to remain in [illegible] Lectures will be delivered be- [illegible] $7 per month. The subscriber [illegible] and desires to take all the [illegible] his own family. [illegible] Departments $8, $10, $12 50, to [illegible] Extra: Music on Piano Forte, with [illegible] $2; Drawing, Painting, Embroidery [illegible] Session. [illegible] address the Principal or [illegible]

[illegible] June [illegible], 1854. 5-tf

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made [illegible] ensuing Session of the Legislature of North Carolina for an [illegible] the Town of Ashboro', Randolph [illegible] amendment of the old Charter [illegible] Town Officers. Application [illegible] for a new Charter incorporating the [illegible]

[illegible] 1854. 48-3t

10,000 FRUIT TREES

[illegible] of large size, beautiful and thrifty growths, consisting of Apple, Peach, Plum, Pear, [illegible] Nectarine, Cherry and almost all other fruits. [illegible] a good assortment of Evergreen and deciduous ornamental Trees for sale at the Pomological [illegible] which has now changed its name to [illegible] ORNAMENTAL GARDEN and NURSERY.

THOS. LINDLEY.
[illegible] Creek, Chatham County, N. C.

[illegible] 1854. 48-6t

[illegible] Standard, and Star 4t.

WILLIAM BOW,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods and Groceries, Family Provisions, &c.

[illegible] HAYMOUNT, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
[illegible] 1854. 41-Y

1,000 SPIRITS TURPENTINE

CASKS [illegible] and for sale at $2 25 Cash. [illegible] accounts for Bbls. after [illegible] the Stores of Messrs. Cook [illegible] will be attended to.

ALSO,

125,000 BRICK will be ready for delivery about 15th October [illegible] Yard in Campbellton.

G. W. LAWRENCE.
[illegible], Sept. 28, 1854. 36-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, until Christmas, a Distillery and its fixtures, Cooper Shop, Dwelling and [illegible] Also, [illegible] acres of Pine Land, very level and [illegible] suited for Turpentine. Only a portion [illegible] and the boxes have [illegible] There is a large quantity [illegible] which can be purchased [illegible] with good water, and every [illegible] on the McArthur Road, [illegible] Moore County.

A. B. JONES.
[illegible] Springs, Moore County.
[illegible]

MONTGOMERY MALE ACADEMY

[illegible] CHAMBERS, A. M., [illegible] CHAMBERS, A. B., TEACHERS.

[illegible] Session [illegible] will commence [illegible] January, 1855. [illegible] Ample preparations [illegible] accommodation of boarders. It [illegible] students for College, and for the [illegible] of life. The Teachers [illegible] University with Distinction [illegible] experience in teaching. [illegible] $15, $20 and $25 per Session. Board, [illegible] per month.

[illegible] 44-tf

EQUITY LAND SALE.

BY [illegible] decree of the Court of Equity at Spring Term, 1854, on Tuesday, the 9th day of [illegible] next, at Nathan K. McDuffie's Store, in the [illegible] of Cumberland, I will sell at public auction the following tracts of Land belonging to the estate of the late Levy West, to wit:

200 Acres lying on both sides of the Horse Pen [illegible] 220 Acres joining the lands of Margaret [illegible] and others; 75 Acres on the west side of [illegible] Marsh, near the County line; 145 Acres on [illegible] Marsh in Sampson county, near the line.

The above Lands are valuable for Timber and Turpentine, and will be sold on a credit of six months, purchasers giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from date of sale.

W. A. HUSKE, C. M. E.
Nov. 20 50-2

LAND FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at auction, on the 1st day of December next, at the Market House in the town of Fayetteville, at 12 o'clock, P. M., a tract of Pine Land on the Southern Plank Road, 5 miles from Fayetteville, containing [illegible] acres.

ASA PHILLIPS.
[illegible] 50-2

LAND AND MILLS FOR SALE.

654 Acres of Land for sale, lying in Richmond County, on Naked Creek. The above [illegible] suited to farming: some first rate Cotton lands [illegible] and not surpassed by any for good Timber [illegible] for the Saw or Turpentine. There is a [illegible] Spring on the premises equal to any in the [illegible] Further information would be unnecessary, as [illegible] wishing to purchase will examine for themselves. The above Land and Mills will be sold on the 26th [illegible] at auction, if not sold at private sale before. All those wishing to examine said property [illegible] on the subscriber, two miles north of Rockingham, on the Guilford Road, who will be pleased to [illegible] above lands. Terms of sale made known on day of sale.

GEORGE NORTHAM.
November 9, 1854. 50*ts

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 8th inst., his negro man GEORGE. He is about 20 years old, about 5 feet 8 inches high, was raised in Richmond, Va., and sold to a negro trader a few months ago. I will give the above reward for his confinement in any jail so that I get him again.

W. D. McNEILL.
Elizabethtown, N. C., Oct. 10, 1854. 39-1tsw*t

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 23, 1854.

THE COUNTY FAIR.—It was not in words only that a great crowd of visitors to the Fair Grounds yesterday, expressed their gratification at the complete success of the First Fair of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society. The beaming countenance, the bright smile, the eager curiosity, all testified, more forcibly than language could express it, that it was a pleasant and a profitable event. Every one was surprised at the great variety of articles on exhibition, and with scarcely an exception they were manufactured or grown within the county of Cumberland. It was as remarkable how few things came from abroad, as how many were produced at home. We had supposed that ample space had been provided for every thing likely to be exhibited. But every nook and corner of the buildings and sheds were crowded.

We think it must be admitted, that not only have the Ladies of Cumberland contributed more of their handiwork to the occasion, but that their articles were better of their kind, than those of their lords. In the useful branches of domestic economy, for instance, what could exceed the numerous samples of golden butter, the bread, the cake, the hams, the preserves, the pickles, the quilts, the counterpanes, the confectionary? Of ornamental work, there was skill, and taste, and industry, in the embroidery of various articles for dress and furniture, the lace work, the pine burr work, the paintings, &c. They also contributed liberally of their flowers, green house shrubbery, and other articles pleasant to the eye.

Of butter, it would be hard to find richer specimens in the Philadelphia market, than the magnificent roll of 12 lbs. at one churning from the dairy of Mrs. John A. Williams, the equally rich 6 lb. churning of Mrs. John Evans (of the productions of whose dairy we have for years had very pleasant evidences,) or the very nice balls of Mrs. Wm. T. Smith, Mrs. Joel Williams, Mrs. Wm. Huske, and others whom we do not at present recall to memory.

But we will not particularize, but will leave to the appropriate committees to do so.

There were not a great many horses, cattle, hogs, or sheep; but some very fine of each kind. Of foreign breeds of cattle, very fine Devon bull and heifer exhibited by Henry Elliott, Esq. Of native cattle, an excellent milch cow by John Evans, and two very noble ones by Jos. A. Worth, Esq. with a fine bull by Wm. Cole, Esq. attracted particular attention. A mule, belonging to John Waddill, Esq. was *almost* handsome—as handsome as a mule can well be. Mr. W. also had some remarkably fine hogs and pigs.

A great variety of fowls, of fancy breeds, by various contributors, attracted much attention. Among them, besides the several foreign kinds, we noticed a domesticated wild duck, of most beautiful plumage.

Of useful manufactured articles, we noticed a wagon, a cart, an elegant Yawl, a Turpentine Still, several Pumps, Engine for watering gardens, &c., Shower Bath, Ploughs, Turpentine Spirit Barrels, Rosin, Shavings, Yarns, Hats, Harness, Candy, and many other articles of Home manufacture.

There were but three pleasure Carriages on exhibition, but they were superb. A large Family Carriage and a Buggy, by Mr McKethan, and a Buggy by Messrs. Pier & Branin. They were decidedly the finest specimens of that kind of work ever made at the Factories in this place, which have been so long celebrated for the excellence, rather than the elegance, of their work. These last combine both qualities.

There were specimens of Grain, of Potatoes, of Turnips, Oranges, &c.

The Trotting Matches, with which the day closed, attracted every body. We did not note the particulars.

The Fair will be open to-day and to-morrow. The Address of Mr. Venable will be delivered to-day at 12: Premiums awarded at 3 P. M.

There was a large accession, yesterday, to the list of Members of the Society.

FAYETTEVILLE FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held a few days ago, the Executive Committee, (of which the Rev. D. S. Williams is Chairman,) was instructed to inquire and report to a future meeting of the Board, the names of suitable persons from whom a selection of Principal may be made.

Building was retarded somewhat by the non-arrival of slate for the roofs. But it is now at hand, and the buildings will soon be covered, and it is expected that they will be ready for occupation in the month of February.

The good effects of this enterprise are already visible, in the removal to this place and vicinity of several families who have children to educate, and the contemplated removal of others. But besides this, the liberal spirit which the projected Institution has excited, is among the most gratifying incidents of the last few years. Not only was the subscription of upwards of $20,000 readily obtained, but we found it stated in the report of the Executive Committee, at the meeting above alluded to, that out of $6,100 due upon the first instalment, upwards of $5,600 had been promptly paid when due. As a citizen of Fayetteville, one may well feel gratified and proud of the handsome manner in which every thing connected with the project has been met. When men do proper things in a proper way, they raise themselves in their own estimation and in that of their fellow men.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—We have been disappointed, as yet, in our contemplated arrangements for later reports of the proceedings of the Legislature than are furnished by the Raleigh papers. We hope still to obtain the services of a competent correspondent. In the mean time, we are unable to give our readers but a meagre account. Such as it is, it will be found in another column.

We expected to receive the Governor's Message yesterday, and to publish the whole or a part of it to-day. But it failed to arrive. Should it come this morning, it will be too late to publish it to-day, in the midst of the bustle of the Fair.

P. S. This morning's mail (provokingly late, as usual,) has brought us a copy of the Message, and a letter from which we make extracts as below. The message fills 18 octavo pages. It treats of Agriculture, Education, Free Suffrage, Mining, Internal Improvements, (a "judicious system" is recommended, the Legislature to decide what is judicious,) Common Roads, the debt and revenue of the State, taxes, banks, (an increase is recommended,) and closes with some remarks on Northern fanaticism.

RALEIGH, Nov. 22, 1854.

The Democracy are badly off here for want of men of mind and experience. It will, in consequence, trouble the Speakers, particularly of the House, to select suitable members for several important committees. I am sorry that it is so.

I have never seen or heard of such toilsome electioneering for Speakership, as was witnessed in the contest which terminated in the election of Mr. Hill of Caswell. Mr. Dortch of Wayne was his competitor.

Mr. Winslow's competitor was Capt. Hoke of Lincolnton, and Mr. W. received the nomination, I am informed, by a majority of four. I was gratified at that result, as I knew Mr. W. would make a good presiding officer, although he had never had any "parliamentary experience" in the halls of legislation. So far as I have observed and heard, his conduct as Speaker since his election, fully justifies my opinion.

Mr. Clingman is here and exerting himself to the utmost, drumming up votes for the U. S. Senate. If great and assiduous effort entitles a man to success, Clingman ought to obtain it. I do not concur, however, in the idea that it does. His prospects, however, are far better than I thought they would be, and I should not be surprised if he were elected. This is the opinion of many gentlemen, and I have some reason to fear it is true. By Mr. Dobbin having declined to be a candidate, Clingman's chances have been greatly increased. We shall see—but do not be surprised at any thing.

It is thought that the Democrats will force on the election as early as possible, for reasons which may suggest themselves to you.

Mr. Steele introduced a bill to-day, to authorize limited partnerships. I hardly think it will pass, but hope so. It was referred to a select committee consisting of Steele, Barringer, J. B. Bynum, Houston and Humphrey.

The standing committees have not yet been appointed. I learn however from the Speaker, that the Whig side of the Committee on Finance, will be Patterson, Mebane, Smith and Steele.

A correspondent of the Wilmington Herald writes to that paper that "there are any number of hungry candidates for the U. S. Senatorships, a few of whom are, Gov. Reid, Hon. Thos. Ruffin, James B. Shepherd, Abram Venable, T. L. Clingman, Asa Biggs, J. Parker Jordan, W. W. Holden, and it is said that the gentleman from Cumberland has instructions from his daddy to accept the office if it should be pressed upon him. I go for Ruffin and Holden, because one is the smartest, and the other the handsomest, in the crowd."

The same writer, in mentioning the election of [illegible]

"By the way, an amusing circumstance has been developed in the election of this smallest subaltern. J. Chadwick, a Printer in the Standard office, was a candidate for the office of Assistant Doorkeeper; but a Loco competitor whispered it among the members that he belonged to that odious tribe, called "Know Nothings"; and better still, for the purpose of killing off Holden's protest against this accusation, it was gravely asserted that *he*, too, was one of the unseen, unknown monsters; and the result was, Holden's man Friday was repudiated by the unterrified faithful, and Holden's aspirations for the U. S. Senatorship nipped in the bud by this untimely frost."

[We presume the Hon. Thos. Ruffin, mentioned above, is the member of Congress, not the late Chief Justice, who is certainly not a "hungry candidate" for any thing. We presume the hungry list might be largely extended.]

Observer.

There is a report in circulation that the Farmer's Bank of North Carolina has either failed or suspended payment. The report is by no means reliable, and is rather hard to believe, as the "bursting up" of a bank within her limits is something unknown in North Carolina. The Farmer's Bank was incorporated by the last Legislature—the mother bank is located at Elizabeth City, and there is a branch in one of the western towns, at Greensboro', we think.

Norfolk Beacon.

Of course the story is utterly unfounded.

OBSERVER.

Governor of New York.—It seems now to be conceded that Myron H. Clark (Free Soil Whig) has been elected Governor of the State of New York by a small plurality. The Albany Journal states the majority over Mr. Seymour at 277. The Argus of Saturday thinks it hazards nothing in announcing the result, and sets down the plurality at 283. The aggregate vote cast in the State at this election was 468,000, or thereabouts. Two counties remain to be heard from officially.

P. S. This morning's mail brings what is stated to be the full official returns, as follows: 157,124 for Clark; 156,661 for Seymour; 122,091 for Ullman; 33,791 for Bronson; making the total vote in the State 469,674. Clark's plurality 463.

N. C. ROAD.—The Central Road is now completed from Goldsboro' to within about 3 miles of Raleigh; and the track is laid for 15 or 18 miles West of that City. Passenger trains are now running on both divisions.

JUDGE POTTER.—The Wilmington Herald mentions a report of the alarming illness of the venerable Judge Potter, on his way home after a fatiguing session of his Court at Wilmington. We are happy to say that the Judge has so far recovered as to have resumed his journey towards home.

LEGISLATURE of NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, November 20, 1854.

This being the day for the bi-ennial convocation of the General Assembly of North Carolina, the members elect met in their respective Houses and proceeded to organization.

SENATE.

The Senate was called to order by John Hill, Clerk of the Senate at the last session. The oath of office was administered to the Senators by William Thompson, Esq.

Mr. Bower, of Ashe, nominated Warren Winslow of Cumberland, for Speaker, and Mr. Mitchell, of Wilkes, nominated Mr. Jos. B. Cherry, of Bertie.

Mr. Winslow was elected by the following vote:

For Mr. Winslow.—Messrs. Jones, Biggs, Wood, Oldfield, Speight, Fennel, Herring, Fonville, McDowell, Faison, Brogden, Sanders, Hoke, Wilder, Collins, Eaton, Cunningham, Graves, Boyd, Walker, Fisher, Martin, Bower, Mills, Coleman.—25.

For Mr. Cherry.—Messrs. Willey, Wiggins, Eborn, Tayloe, Graham, Lane, Christian, Ashe, Morisey, Gilmer, Freeman, Mitchell, Davis.—13.

Mr. Winslow voted for Mr. Biggs.

Mr. Winslow was conducted to the Chair and returned his thanks to the Senate for the honor conferred upon him in a very neat and appropriate address.

The Hon. John Hill was unanimously elected Principal Clerk, and Quentin Busbee, Assistant Clerk of the Senate, James Page, of Randolph, was elected Principal Doorkeeper without opposition.

The Senate then proceeded to the election of Assistant Doorkeeper. Mr. Cunningham nominated J. R. Vogler, and Mr. Graham nominated L. Couch. Mr. Vogler was elected, as follows:

For Mr. Vogler.—Messrs. Speaker, Biggs, Bower, Boyd, Brogden, Clarke, Coleman, Collins, Cunningham, Drake, Eaton, Faison, Fennel, Fisher, Fonville, Graves, Herring, Hoke, Jones, McDowell, Martin, Mills, Oldfield, Sanders, Speight, Walker, Wilder, Wood.—28.

For Mr. Couch.—Messrs. Ashe, Cherry, Christian, Davis, Eborn, Freeman, Gilmer, Graham, Lane, Mitchell, Morisey, Tayloe, Wiggins, Willey.—14.

On motion of Mr. Hoke, the rules of the last Senate were adopted temporarily for the government of the body.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the Senate adjourned till to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The House was called to order by Stephen D. Pool, Esq., Clerk of the House at the last session. The credentials having been examined—the oath of office being administered by Needham Price, Esq. of Wake.

Mr. Dortch, of Wayne, nominated Sam'l P. Hill, of Caswell, for Speaker; no other name being put in nomination, the House proceeded to ballot with the following result:

For Mr. Hill	64	votes.
" Amis	46	"
" Shepherd	1	"
" Turner	1	"

For Principal Clerk, James T. Marriott, of Wake, received 65 votes, and S. D. Pool, 46.

George Howard, of Edgecombe, was chosen Assistant Clerk by acclamation.

Webster, of Chatham, Principal Doorkeeper, and W. R. Lovell, of Surry, Assistant Clerk, by acclamation.

The House then adjourned till to-morrow 10 o'clock. A. M.—*Ral. Star.*

SPEAKER WINSLOW'S ADDRESS,

On taking the Chair in the Senate.

SENATORS: I feel very grateful for this signal mark of your confidence and too partial consideration. Indeed, I should be less than man, were I insensible to the high honor of occupying this distinguished position—an honor, I may be permitted to say, altogether unexpected, and wholly unsought for by me,—an honor, the value of which is immeasurably enhanced by the flattering circumstances under which it has been conferred.

And, Senators, if this were any other body than the Senate of North Carolina, were I not now addressing many of her distinguished, enlightened, and patriotic sons, were not this the Capitol of North Carolina, whose very atmosphere is redolent of subordination to right rule and just authority,—a decent and becoming distrust of my abilities might have led me to decline presiding over your deliberations.

I owe it also to myself to declare that while I bring to this place no experience whatever of parliamentary usage, I bring to it a heart swelling with love to North Carolina, and with devotion to her interests. I approach this seat not as a mere political partisan, but with the hope of being indeed the Speaker of the Senate of North Carolina, and of the whole Senate; and I shall rely, with perfect assurance, upon your kind support, and I invoke now your generous forbearance for the many errors I foresee I shall commit.

With these declarations, and with renewed expressions of my grateful feelings, and with fervent wishes, that your legislation may redound to the welfare of our beloved country, I accept, with unaffected diffidence, the high and honorable trust confided to me, and enter now upon the administration of its duties.

HIGH PRICES.—The Newbern News mentions the sale, in that town, of Bank of the State stock for $148 and $149.25 per share; and of Merchant's Bank Stock at $142.50. These are the highest prices we have ever known to be paid for Bank stock in this State. "Tight Times" has not yet paid his visit to Newbern.

Presidency of G. F. College.—We learn that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of this College, held in this place on Thursday last, the Rev. Turner M. Jones, at present a Professor in this Institution, was unanimously elected to the Presidency, in place of the Rev. Dr. Deems, resigned.—*Greensboro' Pat.*

The Rev. S. Milton Frost, recently elected a Professor in Normal College, we learn, declines the place, and remains in the itineracy.

Raleigh Star.

COALITIONS.—The Washington Union publishes a "great speech of Senator Douglas," at Chicago on the 9th inst. In the course of it Mr. Douglas undertakes to console his friends for their recent terrible defeats, and unintentionally, probably, explains their cause. He says:

"It is an invariable law of political action that coalitions, when once successful, cannot hold together in the next succeeding campaign. Hostile factions, like allied armies, may act in concert in the face of a common foe, but they fall to pieces over the responsibilities and spoils of victory. [Applause.]"

That is a short but comprehensive history of the action of the Locofoco party since the Baltimore Convention of 1852.

KNOW NOTHING GRAND COUNCIL.—A National Convention of the Know Nothings is in session at Cincinnati. Of course the objects of their deliberation are not yet made public, but a correspondent of the N. Y. Express writes to that paper as follows:

"CINCINNATI, Nov. 15.—* * * * An immense number of Americans, and from every State in the Union, are in session here, in National Council, and will be for some days, to deliberate upon matters of political interest to them as American citizens, and to the country at large. The strangers in town who seem to be members of it, are among the best men of the country, and create a strong impression in their favor from their general intelligence, order, sobriety and unexceptionable demeanor. It is said that one of the objects of this meeting is the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency in 1856. I do not believe any such nomination will be made this year, or that it is contemplated by any large number of Delegates to make one at this time. New York, New England, the South, North and West, are all represented here by men of national sentiment and character. It looks to us as if Providence had interposed to raise up a body of pure and true men to give a wise and patriotic direction to the Government. S. & Y."

The Spoils.—The advent of the Legislature has brought to this city many who are anxious to receive a drop of comfort from the dominant majority, in the way of some fat office or profitable post of honor. The patriotism and self-devotion to the interests of the good State of North Carolina of a host of her sons, has had, within the past few days, many elaborate and faithful expositions. One who looks at these things from a distance, would hardly suppose that there were so many eager and willing to sacrifice their personal ease and comfort, and devote their energies for the good of the State. But, nevertheless, it is so; when places are going there are not found wanting multitudes who will consent to fill them—all for the good of the State, of course.

But the point at which there seems to be the most sticking, at this early day, appears to be the two vacant Senatorships. The weary and longing gaze of many who heretofore have not been accused of a disposition in that direction, is turning thitherward as to the Mecca of their inspirations. Some seek them openly and with much effort, others work secretly, but more cunningly and shrewdly, whilst others only gaze and sigh for something to turn up that may give them a chance. Well, we shall soon know who will be the happy recipients of these exalted posts—but we can only stand off and see their glory pass by.

Raleigh Star.

The Elections.—The following is the vote cast at the election held in this county, on the 11th inst., to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of John Broadaway, Esq.:

W. W. Wilkins,	114
Col. Wm. C. Smith,	27
H. A. Crawford,	5

Pee Dee Star.

MARRIED,

In this county, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. Daniel Johnson, Mr. NEILL McINNIS to Miss MARGARET McDOUGALD, daughter of the late Dugald McDougald, all of this county.

In Carthage, on the 21st inst., by S. C. Bruce, Esq., Mr. JNO. W. TAYLOR to Miss SARAH ANN McCLENAHAN, all of Pittsboro'.

In Cumberland county, on the 16th inst., by Jas. S. Harrington, Esq., Mr. NEILL McLEOD, jr., to Miss MARGARET, daughter of the late Jno. McLeod.

Argus copy.

Near Rockingham, Richmond county, on Sunday, the 12th inst., by the Rev. H. H. Crowson, Mr. HARRIS G. TERRY to Miss SARAH JANE COVINGTON, all of Richmond county.

Argus, and Spirit of the Age, copy.

DIED,

Near Lumberton, on the 17th inst., of Typhoid Fever, Miss ELIZA ANN GUNN, daughter of John Gunn.

In Chatham county, on the 13th inst., after an illness of 10 hours, Mr. RILEY WAY, in the 28th year of his age, leaving a widow and 2 children, and a large circle of relations and friends.

In Wilmington, on Saturday evening last, Miss SUSAN A. PRICE, daughter of the late Jas. Price, aged 53 years.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Banks's Line. Nov 20—Str Brothers with Kingston [illegible] in tow, with goods for [illegible] kings, Rev R Burwell, J S Banks, [illegible] Martine, C Goddard & Co, B A [illegible] burg, Jacob Ottarburg, C Banks, Webb & Bro, A P [illegible] barbe, C Stauber, Wm Bell, Hugh McLean, L Williams.

Cape Fear Line,—Nov. 23.—Str. Flora McDonald with tow boats, with goods for Jenkins, Roberts & Co, A A McKethan, T S Martin, S Hine & Co, Houston & Overby, W B Wright, E W Caruthers, S S Arey, J B Walton, Meroney & Burkhead, A Stalker, J B Walton, Hauser & Wilson, D Keith, M W McNair & Co, Island Ford Co, S Johnson, Gardner & Co, J P Hancock, J Kendall, W & A H Welsh & Co, W Prior, J W Bitting, J H Lindsay, Worth & Utley, J Young, G Brandt, W L Van Eaton, S L Gilmer, Barnhardt & Sullivan, D Murphy, Stafford, Clark & Dixon, Sill & Sill, Hanes & Hedgecock, M Holton, W A Lash, J L Kern, King & Hege, A E Giersh, G W Williams & Co, H Erambert, J Dawson, C Banks, Rev A Gilchrist, Mrs M Hooper, C T Haigh, Snow Camp Co, R Fry, W Fulton, Vestal & Watson, Rankin & McLean, G H Lee, J W Thomas, J H Thompson, Mason & Armfield, Winborn & Wittey.

DENTISTRY.

D. W. C. BENBOW, Surgeon Dentist.

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Fayetteville and vicinity, that agreeable to appointment, he is again at home. He may be found at his rooms, near the Market, where he will be pleased to receive calls and wait on those in need of a Dentist.

All operations performed upon the latest and most approved plans. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in every instance.

Oct. 2, 1854. 36*tf

ROSE HILL FEMALE ACADEMY.

[illegible] MORPHIS,
PRINCIPAL AND PROPRIETRESS.

THE [illegible] Session [illegible] will commence [illegible] of November, [illegible] and it is very desirable that all pupils be present on that day for classification.

The Principal with competent assistants will spare no pains in the moral and intellectual culture of the pupils submitted to their care.

The Institution is in a healthy neighborhood, four miles west of Mr. W. J. Bingham's Male Academy.

Tuition, per session of 5 months Primary Department,	$5 to $7
Academic,	$8 to $10
Music, with use of Instrument,	$15

Board, including washing, lights, &c., can be had convenient to the Academy at $6 per month.

For further information address James Newlin, Lindley's Store, Alamance co., N. C.

50-120D

$15 Reward.

RANAWAY from me about the 28th of July last, my negro man SAM. Said negro is dark complected and quick spoken, and when frightened looks quite grum. He is about 28 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high, and weighs about 150 lbs. I will give Fifteen Dollars reward for the delivery of said negro to me, or in any jail so that I get him. Any information will be thankfully received at Pekin, Montgomery county, N. C.

THOMAS ROPER.
Richmond county, Aug. 25, 1854. 28*tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

In Equity.

Daniel B. McSween, John B. Wright and wife Jennette, C. C. McSween vs. Norman McSween, Murdoch J. McSween.

Petition for the sale of Real Estate.

IT appearing to my satisfaction, that the Defendant, Norman McSween, is not a resident of this State, he is hereby notified to appear at the next Term of the Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Robeson, at the Court House in Lumberton, on the Fourth Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur to the foregoing petition, otherwise the same will be heard ex parte as to him and a decree be rendered pro confesso against him.

R. S. FRENCH, C. M. E.
Nov. 3, 1854. 46*6

1,500 *Acres of Land for Sale.*

THE subscribers offer for sale the above named quantity of Land, lying in the County of Bladen on the Cape Fear River, being the estate of the late James Smith, Esq., dec'd. These lands are now divided into three separate and distinct plantations, each supplied with comfortable dwellings and other buildings, situated in the pine woods, convenient to the plantations, and are perfectly healthy; they embrace large and valuable plantations of River land and reclaimed Swamp, together with large bodies of Turpentine lands; they lie all adjoining, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, either all to one, to three, or more, as may suit best. Either of the subscribers will exhibit the land, at any time, to persons wishing to examine them. Any further information may be obtained by addressing either one of the subscribers at Deseret P. O., Bladen county, N. C. By early application a great bargain may be obtained in these lands.

JOHN SMITH,
A. K. CROSLAND,
THOS. SMITH.
Aug. 18, 1854. 24-*tf

$20 Reward.

I WILL pay the above reward for the apprehension and committal to jail of my Negro Boy ADAM, who left my premises about the 25th of last month. Said boy is about 5 feet 9 inches high.

JNO. L. McLAURIN.
Clio, Marlboro' Dist., S. C., Oct. 30. 16-4t

Clinton Female Institute.

THE fourth Semi-Annual Session of this Institute will commence on Monday the 7th day of August next.

The principal is now on a tour North, for the purpose of purchasing Philosophical, Chemical and Astronomical Apparatus for the use of the Institute, and to make such additions to the Library as the progress of the School seems to demand.

These considerations, taken in connection with the former facilities for imparting knowledge, and the general healthiness of the section, [illegible] invite [illegible] will [illegible] insure a sufficient patronage.

H. A. BIZZELL, Sec'y of Board of Trustees.
Clinton, June [illegible], 1854. [illegible]-tf

LEATHER BANDS.

THE Subscriber has put up machinery for stretching, cementing and riveting Bands with copper rivets. The Bands are stretched with powerful machines, made expressly for that purpose, and the difficulty of bands stretching and ripping, under common way of making them, is entirely removed by this process. Bands made in this way will hold their width evenly, run true, and will have a uniform bearing on the drum or pully, and will give from 15 to 20 per cent. more power than those made in the ordinary way. They are made out of the best selected oak tanned Spanish Leather, and no pains will be spared to make them equal to the best Northern Bands, and will be sold as low as can be bought in New York.

CHAS. M. LINES,
New Market P. O., Randolph co., N. C.

Band shop near Jessee Walker's Mill, Deep River.

These Bands for sale by W. H. Lutterloh, Fayetteville.

March 3, 1854. 75-*tf

NEW GOODS

AT MARY'S GARDEN.

I AM now receiving my Fall and Winter STOCK, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware, and Cutlery, Crockery, and Glassware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Umbrellas, Drugs, and Medicines, &c.,

In short, every article usually kept in a Country Store. All of which are offered low for CASH, or in exchange for produce. [illegible] I will take Turpentine at 15 cts. [illegible] price, payable in [illegible] wanted.

G. W. LAWRENCE.
[illegible], Sept. 28, 1854. [illegible]-tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WE have received a large portion of our Fall and Winter Stock, consisting of a general assortment of Gents,' Ladies', Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots, Gaiters and Shoes. With a large assortment of Servants' Shoes, common and extra sizes.

—ALSO—

Calf, Goat, Lining and Binding Skins, Shoe Thread, Shoe Pegs, Lasts, Sparables, &c. All of which will be sold low for CASH, or to prompt customers.

S. T. HAWLEY & SON.
November 6, 1854. 46*6w

JAMES M. EDNEY
56 JOHN ST.
COMMISSION MERCHANT

Buys and Forwards on the Best Terms,

Dry Goods, Groceries, Farming Implements, Books, [illegible]

CARRIAGES, FRUIT TREES,

[illegible]

CITY OF NEW YORK,

AT 2½ PER CENT COMMISSION.

Refers to Hon. W. A. Graham, G. E. Badger, D. L. Swain, J. M. Morehead, C. P. Mendenhall, J. W. Osborn, N. W. Woodfin, and others. New York, 1854.

MESSAGE

Of His Excellency, GOV. REID, to the Legislature of North Carolina.

To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina:

In communicating my regular Message to the General Assembly, a fit occasion is presented for congratulating its members upon the blessings which a kind Providence has bestowed upon the people of the State and especially upon their exemption, to a considerable extent, from the diseases and calamities which have visited other States and Nations, with such sad and devastating consequences. It is also a subject of congratulation that the spirit of progress and improvement, which at present, animates our people, presents a bright prospect for the destiny of our beloved State.

Agriculture in North Carolina has undergone an important improvement, which has increased the reward of the husbandman, and imparted an additional interest to this great pursuit; the amount of crime committed, it is believed, will compare favorably with that of any other State; the laws have been executed as faithfully, and justice administered as impartially as in any other country; the faith of the State has been scrupulously preserved, and her credit stands deservedly high, both at home and abroad. Improvements are being extended to afford the Farmer and Mechanic a cheap and expeditious mode of transportation for the surplus products of their labor, and for the supplies they are to receive in return; a University of the highest rank, aided by numerous Colleges and Academies of a high order; and a system of Common Schools, which will soon be second to that of no other State, are rapidly extending the facilities of mental improvement to every class of our citizens; the Geological examinations are almost daily disclosing valuable additions to the inexhaustible mineral wealth of the State; and, added to all these, we have a population that is unsurpassed in the essential elements of true greatness. But, notwithstanding this gratifying condition of things, there are many subjects intimately connected with the welfare and prosperity of the people of the State, which require the action of the General Assembly.

In a government like ours, where the voice of the people, to a great extent, controls public measures, Education is not only a subject in which every good citizen feels a deep interest, but it becomes one of great public importance, and demands the fostering care of the State. Hence that clause in the Constitution which declares—

"That a school or schools shall be established by the Legislature, for the convenient instruction of youth, with such salaries to the masters, paid by the public, as may enable them to instruct at low prices; and all useful learning shall be duly encouraged and promoted in one or more Universities."

The University of the State is in successful operation, sustaining the high reputation it has long and deservedly enjoyed; and, at each commencement, sends forth a number of graduates to engage in the various pursuits of life. This institution is every year educating, gratuitously, no inconsiderable number of meritorious young gentlemen, who have not the means for that purpose. It would be difficult to estimate the beneficial influences the University has exerted in North Carolina, and in other States of the Union.

Our Common Schools have been in operation but for a comparatively short period, and are progressing as well, perhaps as we have a right to expect, when we consider the many difficulties that have to be encountered in the commencement of such a system. There are doubtless still many defects in the management of these Schools which time and experience will enable us to correct. The system, however, is doing incalculable good, and its beneficial influence will be more strikingly obvious to the generation which succeeds us. There is no subject more worthy of favorable consideration than Common Schools. The greatness of a State depends upon her people. In a few years, those who now direct public affairs will pass from the stage of action, and the welfare and destiny of the State and the Republic will be committed to the charge of a new generation. If that generation shall be found wanting in wisdom and virtue, what is to be the fate of the monuments of greatness erected by its ancestors? The education of the masses of the people is the best security for the rights of persons and of property; and, in a free government, where intelligence and virtue are the true passports to fame and distinction, it places the poor and obscure upon an equality with the rich and powerful, and will prove the best means of perpetuating the blessings of liberty.

During the last year, there was distributed from the Literary Fund, for Common Schools, to the various counties of the State, the sum of one hundred and twenty-eight thousand one hundred and two dollars, fourteen cents, ($128,102 14); and, during the present year, the sum of one hundred and eighty thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars, eight cents, ($180,850 08), has been distributed for the same object. It is believed that nearly the same amount has been collected by taxation, in the counties, for the support of Common Schools.

The report of the General Superintendent of Common Schools, for the past year, gives an account, in detail, of the labors and observations of that officer. It states many gratifying facts, and presents various suggestions in regard to the improvement of the schools. It is herewith transmitted. His report for the present year will be communicated in due time.

It is desirable that the principal of the Literary Fund should be increased, to permanently secure a larger distribution for the support of Common Schools.

The Swamp Lands are an uncertain source of income, and their successful management requires a degree of personal attention, that it would be extremely inconvenient for the Executive to bestow. The titles of large tracts of the lands are in dispute, and it is believed, that trespasses, materially impairing their value, have been committed on them for years. When counsel are instructed to bring suits, a difficulty arises in procuring the information necessary to their successful prosecution. The lands, in many instances, are inaccessible, except to persons who have experience in their exploration. Further legislation is necessary to protect the public interest in these lands. It is believed that public policy demands that provision should be made for the appointment of an efficient Agent, to be paid a reasonable salary, whose duty it should be, under the instructions of the Literary Board, to procure facts to enable the Board to protect its interest in the Swamp Lands.

The Institution for the education of the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, is in successful operation and affords great facilities for imparting instruction to these unfortunate classes of our population, who by the knowledge they receive are prepared to become intelligent and useful members of society. The institution is under the management of a Board of Directors who perform a good deal of labor without receiving any compensation. I respectfully recommend that provision be made to pay the members of Board, a reasonable sum for their services, and that the Executive or some other State officer, be associated with the Board in the management of the Institution.

The President and Directors of the Literary Fund will, in due time, submit a Report, showing the condition of the Fund, and the proceedings of the Board in relation to other subjects committed to their management.

Under the existing provisions of the Constitution of this State, a freehold of fifty acres of land is one of the indispensable qualifications required of a voter for a Senator of the General Assembly. This requirement is unjust, and ought to be removed. The question of Free Suffrage has been so much discussed, and its importance has become so well understood, that it does not require a lengthy discussion on this occasion. The proposition that no man ought to vote for a Representative in one branch of the Legislature, without he owns fifty acres of land, is so palpably wrong, that the time will come when the fact that it ever had a place in the Constitution, will be regarded with profound astonishment. No system of free government can be based upon the supposition that the people are politically corrupt, and incapable of exercising the right of suffrage.

This feature of the Constitution disfranchises, in one branch of the Legislature, at least fifty thousand of the free white men of the State. These men are as ready as any portion of our population, to contribute their means for the support of government, and to sacrifice their lives in defence of the honor and liberty of their country. They constitute an intelligent, industrious, and meritorious part of our citizens, and may safely be entrusted with political equality. The larger number of them are possessed of estates of more value than the ordinary freehold of fifty acres of land, and are engaged in the various honorable pursuits of life. Every candid mind must admit that fifty acres of land does not endow its owner with knowledge, nor does it impart to him virtue or patriotism, when he goes to the ballot-box.

Free Suffrage will not deprive the land-holder of any right he now enjoys, but it will give the non-landholder a great privilege, which is now unjustly withheld from him. The people at their elections, have repeatedly declared, by large majorities, in favor of this question of Constitutional reform, and they are in favor of effecting it by the Legislative mode. The Constitution provides two modes for future amendments: One is by a three-fifths and a two-thirds vote of each House of two consecutive Legislatures, and subsequent ratification by the voters of the State; the other is by a Convention authorized to be called by a two-thirds vote of each branch of the Legislature. The former mode is preferable for obtaining Free Suffrage, because it is safe, economical, and practicable, while the latter is the very reverse. The Constitution requires amendments by the Legislature, to be submitted to the voters of the State for ratification; but there is no such injunction imposed in regard to amendments by a Convention.

I earnestly recommend that an amendment to the Constitution, giving every qualified voter for the Commons the right also to vote for Senator, be passed by the requisite majorities of the two Houses of the General Assembly, to be submitted, in conformity to the requirements of the Constitution, to the action of the next General Assembly, and subsequently to the people of the State for ratification.

The justice of Free Suffrage is so manifest, that even among freeholders themselves, there is an overwhelming majority who are in favor of its adoption. The elective franchise is the dearest right of an American citizen, and it is the exercise of this invaluable privilege, that distinguishes free governments from despotisms. It is hoped the odious distinction between voters will be erased from our Constitution, and that we shall, in fact, become a people of "equal rights' and equal privileges."

The opinions I have heretofore expressed, in opposition to altering the basis of representation, remain unchanged.

The election of Judges and Justices of the Peace by the people, and for terms less than for life, are also questions of reform, which I recommend to the favorable consideration of the General Assembly.

Agriculture is the great interest of the State, and upon its success depends the prosperity of all other industrial pursuits. This important interest has been too much neglected. The Agricultural Society of the State will no doubt be attended with highly beneficial results. The same may be said of the act passed by the last Legislature to encourage Agriculture, Domestic Manufactures, and the Mechanic Arts. It is the paramount duty of every well regulated government to extend due encouragement to those engaged in the cultivation of the soil. There is no pursuit more honorable or better calculated to promote the happiness of man, and none more important to the preservation of republican institutions. A new impulse has been given to this branch of industry, that is perceptible in every part of the State. The tide of emigration which has hitherto drained North Carolina of her wealth and population, has already been stayed, and the enterprise and capital of other portions of the country are now attracted within her limits, affording evidences of prosperity and contributing towards her advancement to the high position she is destined to occupy.

Intimately connected with the prosperity of Agriculture, Manufacturing, and Mining, stands the subject of Internal Improvements. Commerce in this age is an essential element, without which the great industrial pursuits must languish. That which is comparatively valueless in one part of the world, often becomes a vast mine of wealth when conveyed to another. The value of commerce does not consist in the profitable exchange of commodities alone; but it enables us also to avail ourselves of the improvements and knowledge of every part of the globe. The geographical position of the State is such that her immense stores of wealth could be of little advantage in the scale of commerce, were it not for inland improvement. To the full development of our resources, there are presented many obstacles, which appear almost insurmountable; yet we ought to remember that these are more than compensated by the great advantages we enjoy. When we reflect that others have overcome greater obstacles, there is no cause to despair. For when we consider health, comfort, salubrity of climate, and capacity for Agriculture, Manufacturing, and Mining, N. Carolina is not surpassed by any State in the Union. A judicious system of Internal Improvements by the State has ever been regarded as a subject of great importance, and entitled to the favorable consideration of the General Assembly. The improvements already completed, as well as those in course of construction, have been productive of very important advantages; but they are still far from affording facilities adequate to the wants of the people. There never was a time when there existed a stronger necessity for self reliance. The North during the last twenty-five years, in the way of protection and other unjust exactions, has extorted from North Carolina more money than would have been required to improve all our rivers and construct all of our railroads. The farmers and other classes need cheap transportation and convenient markets where they can carry their property with safety. They need commercial and manufacturing towns and cities at home, with shipping to do their own importing and exporting, without continuing longer to pay tribute to the North. They need intercommunication within their own State, that they may understand and appreciate the wants of each other.

These desirable objects can be accomplished by inland improvements. They, however, are not the work of a day, nor of a year, but time and a large expenditure of money will be required for their completion. What can be done with safety ought to be done now, and the rest left to time. In embarking in Internal Improvements, a due regard should be had to the means and resources of the State, as well as to the necessity and practicability of the works themselves. Wild and visionary schemes should be avoided, and the credit of the State should be inviolably maintained. The works should at least promise advantages to the people corresponding with the amount to be expended. The particular objects of improvement which it is expedient to prosecute at this time, is a question submitted to the prudence and discretion of the General Assembly.

Since the reorganization of the Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Company the Road has been thoroughly repaired, and the connecting link between that Road and the Wilmington and Raleigh, and the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroads has been completed. This Road affords increased facilities for transportation and travel to an important portion of the State. It is represented to be in a very prosperous condition, and is now paying a very handsome dividend to the State.

The Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad continues to afford great facilities to the public, and pays good dividends, which go to increase the income of the literary Fund. This road too is represented as being in a very prosperous condition.

The North Carolina Railroad is progressing with the usual expedition of such works; and a considerable portion of the road has been laid down. This important enterprise when completed, promises great advantages to a large portion of the State.

The Board of Internal Improvement have, from time to time, as it became necessary, ordered the Public Treasurer to sell the Bonds of the State to pay her subscription to this Road. Up to this time, the sum of one million six hundred and thirty thousand dollars ($1,630,000) of the bonds authorized by law to be issued for this purpose have been sold by the Public Treasurer. The State has realized no inconsiderable sum for premium obtained on these bonds, a fact affording the highest evidence of her credit and standing. The report of the President and Directors of this company will be communicated in due time.

The Charter of the North Carolina Railroad Company provides for the representation of the stock of the State in the meetings of the stockholders, but does not point out the mode by which such representation shall be appointed. At the last session of the General Assembly, an Act was passed proposing certain amendments to the Charter, one of which authorized the Executive to make the a[illegible]ointment; and with that proposition there w[illegible]corporated another which, in all probability, would have placed the State, which owns two-thirds of the stock, in a minority in the meetings of the Stockholders. This act was, in my opinion, very properly rejected by the individual Stockholders themselves. At each meeting I appointed a representative for the State, but I am unofficially informed that such appointment has not been recognised as sufficient, and the consequence has been that the State has been unrepresented in their meetings. The right of representation is provided for in the Charter, and its exercise does not depend upon the assent of the individual Stockholders. Therefore, to make this question perfectly clear, it is only necessary to provide, by law, the manner in which such representative shall be appointed.

In all cases where the State makes a subscription to a corporation, she ought to retain the right to be represented in proportion to her stock.

The construction of the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad has been prosecuted with much energy and enterprise, and the improvement is affording important advantages to a portion of the State. As far as I have been informed, the Company having this road in charge has not officially acted on the amendment proposed to its Charter by the last General Assembly. It is believed, however, that the amendment will not be accepted.

The State's subscription to the Neuse River Navigation Company has been paid. The report of the President and Directors in relation to the valuable improvement under the charge of that Company, is herewith transmitted.

The subscription authorized by the Act of the last session of the Legislature to be made to the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company has been paid upon a compliance with the conditions prescribed. The improvement under the charge of this Company is a desirable object, and when completed will afford important commercial advantages.

The appropriation for the improvement of Tar River has been paid to the Commissioners appointed to superintend that work. It is believed that the appropriation will be found insufficient to complete this desirable improvement.

The Fayetteville and Western Plank Road has been extended. This valuable improvement has paid good dividends and affords great facilities to the public. The report of the President and Directors of the Company having that road in charge is herewith transmitted.

The Western Turnpike has also been extended, and is a work affording great convenience to the portion of the State in which it is located.

The stock of the McDowell and Yancy Turnpike has been subscribed, and a part of the State's subscription has been paid.

The reports of the Cape Fear Navigation Company, and of the Western Plankroad Company are herewith transmitted. Also the report of the President of the Petersburg, and of the Greenville and Roanoke Railroad Companies; and the Report of the President and Directors of the Roanoke Navigation Company.

Agreeably to the provisions of the act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, to incorporate the Atlantic and North Carolina, and the North Carolina and Western Railroad Companies, arrangements were made with the President and Directors of the North Carolina Railroad Company, for the survey of a Railroad route from Beaufort Harbor to Goldsboro', and also for the survey of a route from Salisbury to the Tennessee line. In pursuance of these arrangements Col. Walter Gwynn was appointed chief engineer to superintend their execution. The surveys of both these important improvements have been made. The able Report of the survey of the Eastern Route has been made and is herewith transmitted. The report of the Western Route will be transmitted when finished.

The attention of the General Assembly is respectfully invited to the subject of common public highways. Good roads are very important to every community. The present mode of assessing the labor, to construct and repair the common highways, is unjust and unequal. The labor performed is a tax. It frequently occurs under the existing law, that persons possessed of large estates, contribute little or no labor in repairing roads, while heavy exactions are made of others whose means are very limited. This is wrong. Persons ought to contribute in proportion to the value of their estates.

The amount of public debt, on the 31st of October, 1854, was $2,896,270 31. This does not include $250,000 of the Bonds of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad Company, which were endorsed by the State, because the Company regularly meets the interest, and from time to time is paying a portion of the principal of its debt. The Report of the Public Treasurer, showing the condition of the finances of the State, will, in due time, be communicated.

The report of the Comptroller, for the fiscal year ending October 31st, 1853, is herewith transmitted.

In regard to our revenue system, I repeat the recommendation contained in my message at the commencement of the last session of the General Assembly. No more money should be collected from the people, than is necessary to defray the economical expenses of a good government. Taxation is indispensable; but it is one of the first duties of the statesman to endeavor to equalize the burdens, as well as the benefits of the system. Of late years, the demands upon the Treasury have increased, and our financial system has assumed a more important aspect. The tax for county purposes is collected entirely on land and polls; and the amount paid into the public treasury, on these two items, is small, when compared with the tax paid for county purposes. An examination into the existing revenue laws will show that they operate unequally. In many cases, the discrimination made between objects of taxation is strikingly unjust.

As a general rule, it is believed, that the tax on the estate of each person should be in proportion to its value, subject to such exceptions as circumstances and fundamental principles may justify. Inasmuch as property, on the one hand, ought not to be made the test of public privilege, neither, on the other hand, ought the absence of property to exempt the person from bearing a just share of the public burden. Therefore, a capitation tax is imposed. Slaves are regarded, to some extent, as both persons and property. The following wise provision of our State Constitution, which ought not to be departed from, defines the power of legislation on this subject:

1. "Capitation tax shall be equal throughout the State, upon all individuals subject to the same.

2. "All free males over the age of twenty-one and under the age of forty-five years, and all slaves over the age of twelve years, and under the age of fifty years shall be subject to capitation tax, and no other person shall be subject to such tax; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent exemption of taxable polls, as heretofore prescribed by law, in cases of bodily infirmity."

It will be seen that slave property must form an exception in framing an *ad valorem* system of taxation. White males alone are subject to a poll tax, while a poll tax is imposed on both males and female slaves, and the period of taxation begins nine years earlier, and continues five years longer on the latter. Thus, it will appear, that by taxing both sexes, the amount of revenue collected from the tax on slaves is double the amount collected on white polls, in proportion to the entire population of the two races; and the difference in the duration of the period for which they are taxed, is equivalent to one hundred per cent. more. It is, therefore, obvious, that in proportion to the whole number of each race, the poll tax paid on slaves is three times as much as that paid on the white population. So it will be found that this provision of the Constitution has imposed a tax on slaves, in the twofold character of persons and property, and that an *ad valorem* tax cannot be imposed on that species of estate.

Persons and property being the principal objects of taxation, they should bear a fair and just relation to each other in a system of revenue. It is belived that after excepting slaves, each person's estate, real and personal, including money, whether at interest or not, ought to be taxed alike, according to value. This would require every person to contribute in proportion to the value of his or her estate, and would equalize the public burden between the various classes, upon principles of justice. I know of no better rule to ascertain the ability of the owner to pay, or the degree of protection his estate requires from Government, than by resorting to the actual value of such estate. This system need not interfere with taxing certain employments and the income of certain professions, as is now done. Such persons as do not possess personal estate of the value of $150 ought to be exempt from property tax, and an exemption of a like amount might be made in favor of all others. It is believed that a system of revenue based on these principles, is demanded by public policy.

In conformity to an Act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, I appointed the Hon. Thomas Ruffin one of the Commissioners to revise and digest the public statute laws of the State, but he declined to accept, and the duties of the commission were completed by Messrs. Moore and Biggs, who have bestowed upon the subject much labor and investigation. The result will in due time be communicated to the General Assembly. This subject will require careful examination, and must necessarily protract the length of the session.

The Charters of two of the principal Banks of the State, will soon expire, and it becomes the duty of the General Assembly, either to re-charter them or to establish others to supply the deficiency in the paper circulation, that would result from closing the business of these institutions. The amount of banking capital, best adapted to the convenience and substantial prosperity of the State, is a difficult question to determine. It is believed, however, that the amount at present employed, is not adequate to the wants of the public. Banks or branches are needed at some points where, at present, there are none, and at other places where they already exist, an increase of capital, and in some cases, an addition to the number of Banks, would seem to be demanded. Undue contractions and expansions of the amount of the paper currency ought, as far as possible, to be avoided. The circulation of notes of a less denomination than three or five dollars, should be prohibited, and wholesome restrictions imposed, to protect the public against the evils of a depreciated currency.

A well regulated Judiciary system is necessary to the security of the rights of persons and of property. N. Carolina has been pre eminently blessed in the wholesome administration of justice in her courts. This has doubtless been more the result of the integrity and wisdom of her Judges, than of the perfection of the system itself. It is believed that the Supreme Court ought to consist of four Judges, instead of three. With the present number, when the Court is divided, and the majority are for overruling the decision of the court below, counting the judge who tried the case, the weight of authority as far as the number of judges is concerned, is equal on both sides. Yet, in such cases, the decision below is reversed, and important legal questions finally adjudicated. If the court consisted of four Judges, then on an equal division of the court the decision below would stand. To adjudicate the question and reverse the decision below, would require the concurrence of three of the Judges of the Supreme Court.

It is believed that public convenience requires that two additional Judicial Circuits should be formed, and the corresponding number of Judges and Solicitors appointed.

The Attorney General is at present required to perform the duties of Solicitor of the third circuit. He ought to be relieved of those duties, and a Solicitor appointed to perform them. The Attorney General, for the time being, should reside in Raleigh; and in addition to attending the Supreme Court, as now required, he should attend to the business of the Public Boards in all the Courts. I would also suggest that it be made the duty of that officer to superintend the enrolment of all bills and resolutions passed by the General Assembly; and when requested, to give written opinions to the heads of the Departments.

It is important to collect the statistics of Crime in this State. This might easily be done, by making it the duty of the clerks of the county and Superior Courts to make annual returns to the Attorney General or Executive, to be compiled for the use of the General Assembly.

Since the last session of the Legislature, the Hon. Thomas Settle, one of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity, has resigned. With the consent of the Council of State, the Hon. Samuel J. Person was appointed to fill his place. It becomes the duty of the General Assembly to supply the vacancy.

The Lunatic Asylum is advancing towards its completion. This institution will soon be open to the reception of patients. The Commissioners appointed to superintend the construction of the buildings deserve great credit for the manner in which they have discharged their duties. Without compensation, they have performed much labor, and incurred heavy responsibilities.

The establishment of a Scientific and Military School is a subject of importance to which I beg leave to call the attention of the General Assembly.

The training of the Militia, and additional encouragement to the formation of Volunteer Companies, are subjects worthy of consideration.

The report of the State Geologist, giving a detailed account of the progress of the work committed to his charge, will be transmitted at an early day.

It is but justice to state, that the Public Treasurer, Secretary of State, and Comptroller of Public Accounts, have performed the duties of their respective offices, with ability, industry and fidelity.

A Circular from the Secretary of State of the United States, is herewith transmitted. I am not prepared to endorse the recommendation contained therein.

Herewith is transmitted the proceedings of a public meeting held in Philadelphia, in relation to a Monument, in that City, in commemoration of the Declaration of Independence, and in honor of the signers thereof, which I have been requested to lay before the General Assembly.

I would respectfully suggest the propriety of erecting, on the Capitol Square, in the City of Raleigh, two small, but neat and appropriate Monuments: one to the Memory of the Officers and Soldiers of the Revolution; and the other to the Memory of the Signers of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence.

The bright prospect of our State affairs, I regret to say, are somewhat clouded by the reckless spirit of fanaticism, which threatens the violation of the Constitution and the dissolution of the Union. The conviction is growing deeper every day, that the Abolitionists of the North are determined that the South shall not repose in the quiet enjoyment of her domestic institutions. The politicians and clergy who lead these fanatics are not purer or wiser than were the cotemporaries of the framers of the Federal Constitution. Then the Statesmen and Divines were content to take the Bible and Constitution as the "touch-stones" of their faith, and the North and South could meet in a spirit of harmony, and unite in a common effort to secure the blessings of civil and religious liberty. But how changed is the picture of the present day! Now these "higher law" men disregard the compromises of the Constitution, and are mischievously endeavoring to violate the rights of our property, and destroy our domestic peace and security. This is a question of paramount importance; and I recommend the General Assembly to declare, firmly and decidedly that we shall require the compromises of the Constitution to be observed in good faith, on the part of the North, and that North Carolina knows her rights, and will maintain them.

I close this communication with the expression of the sincere desire that your deliberations may be characterized by harmony; and that the result of your action may be calculated to advance the prosperity and promote the happiness of the people.

DAVID S. REID.

Executive Department,
Raleigh, Nov. 20, 1854.

COUNTY FAIR.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY, Nov. 23, 1854.

The following Premiums have been awarded by the several Examining Committees:

FIELD CROPS.

William McMillan, Esq, 45 2-7 bus Corn on one acre sandhill land, $25.

Joel Williams, Esq, 3864 lbs Crowfoot Hay on one acre swamp land, $5.

Geo W Pegram, 1 bale Cotton, diploma.

Silas Douglas, bbl family Flour, put up in superior style, diploma. These articles reflect great credit on the gentlemen producing them.

CATTLE.

W L Hall, best Bull 3 yrs old, $5.
Henry Elliot, best Bull 2 to 3 yrs old, $3.
Jno A Williams, best Bull 1 to 2 yrs old, $3.
" best Bull calf 6 mos old, $2.
Jno Evans, best Milch Cow, $5.
Henry Elliot, best Heifer 2 to 3 yrs old, $3.
Jno A Williams " " 1 to 2 yrs old, $3.

HORSES.

James McIntyre, best Stallion 4 yrs old, $10.
W Gainey, " " 3 to 4 yrs old, $5.
J T Winslow, Brood Mare with Colt, $3.
Jno Harrington, best Filly, $3.
Massey Moore, best Saddle Horse, $3.
Wm R Bolton, best pair Carriage Horses, $5.
J L Bryan, best pair Draft Horses, $3.
Henry Elliot, best single harness Horse, $3.
James Kyle, Jr, best single draft Horse, $2.

Mr Crofton of Bladen exhibited a single harness Horse of superior appearance and quality.

JACKS, JENNETS AND MULES.

Thomas Mims, best Jack, $5.
A E Evans, best Jennet and Colt, $5.
Jno Waddill, Jr, best Mule (native) 2 yrs old, $3.
Nathan King, best Mule 3 yrs old, $5.
" " best pair Mules, $5.

SWINE AND SHEEP.

Joel Williams, 2 Pigs, native, $3.
Jno Waddill, Jr, best Sow 3 yrs old, $5.
" " " " 1 to 2 yrs old, $3.
Neill McDugald, Esq, best Boar 4 yrs old, $5.
" " " " 6 mos old, $2.
Jno Elliot, Esq, best Boar (large breed) 3 yrs old, 5.
Hugh McLean, best Lambs, Cotswold, $3.
Henry Elliot, Esq, best Buck, Cotswold, $3.
" " " Ewe " $3.
" " " South Down Lambs, $3.

POULTRY.

Mrs Jno C Smith, 1 pair Poland Geese, $1
Mrs Henry Elliot, 2 pair Muscovy Ducks, $1.
" " " Shanghai and Cochin China, $1.
J W Pipkin, best Drake, $1.
A Alden, Brahma Pootra Fowls, $1.
" Cross Shanghai, $1.
" Cochin China, $1.
Mrs R B Smith, 1 pair Turkeys, $1.
H McLean, 1 Wild Turkey, $1.
Jno Waddill, Jr, 2 pair Game Chickens, $1.

The following are awarded Diplomas:

J W Strange, 1 Wild Goose.
W L Hall, 2 pair Poland Geese.
T C Hall, 1 pair Muscovy Ducks.
" 1 Cochin China Cock.
F Spears, 1 pair Native Geese.
A Alden, 1 pair Bantam Fowls.
P Shemwell, " " "
" 2 Shanghai "
John Harmon, 4 Mongrel "
Mrs C F Hollingsworth, 1 Turkey Cock.
Mrs Mary McDugall, [illegible] Turkeys
H McLean, 1 pair Turkeys,
" Black Shanghai Fowls
" 1 pair [illegible] Fowls.
Wm Huske, 1 pair Turkeys.
A J Woodward, 3 native Fowls.
Mrs Jonathan Evans, 1 pair Friezland Fowls
Mrs Jno W Sandford, 2 pr Shanghai
Mrs Henry Elliot, 3 Shanghai Pullets and [illegible]
" " " pair Bantams.
Edward F Winslow, Jr, 3 Shanghai Fowls.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mrs McGary, best Bread, $1.
Mrs J W Sandford, best [illegible], 1
Mrs T J Robinson, best Pound Cake, 1
Mrs A A McKethan, best Corn Bread, 1
Mrs A A McKethan, best Pickles, [illegible]
Mrs C M Winslow, best preserved Citron, [illegible]
" " " Table Sauce, 1
" " " Mango Pickles, [illegible]
Mrs Wm J Anderson, Mustard, 1
Mrs Jas McKethan, preserved [illegible], 1
Mrs A S McNeill, pickled Peppers, 1
Mrs A W Steel, 6 Glass Melons, 1
Mrs F Smith, stuffed Peppers, 1
Mrs J C Smith, jar Apple Jelly, 1
Mrs J R Murchison, jar preserved Pine Apple, 1
Mrs Col A Elliot, preserved Apples, 1
Mrs A W Steel, Tomato Catsup, 1
Mrs Jno Evans, best Butter, $1.
Mrs Jno A Williams, 1 churning [illegible]
S H Steel, Scuppernong Wine, 1
Mrs Col A Elliot, Blackberry Cordial, 1
Mrs J C Smith, " [illegible]
Mrs W T Smith, " [illegible]
Mrs Small, Blackberry Wine, [illegible]
Chas Banks, lot of Candy, premium [illegible]
Mrs McKethan, Dried Beef, dip.

Diplomas were awarded to the following:

Mrs. A S McNeill, assorted Pickles.
Mrs J W Pearce, [illegible]
Miss E W King, Quince Jelly.
Mrs T J Robinson, Apple Jelly.
Mrs E M Johnson, Glass Melons.
Mrs J R Murchison, Preserves.
Mrs W T Smith, fresh Butter.
Mrs Wm Huske, "
Mrs J C Smith, "
Mrs Joel Williams, "
Mrs A S McNeill, "
Mrs Gilmore, "
Mrs J F Marsh, "
Mrs J P McLean, "

In this Department the exhibition was [illegible] creditable.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Mrs Jno Elliot, 40 yds Carpeting, [illegible]
Miss Effy McFadyen, " [illegible]
Miss Mary McPherson, " [illegible]
Mrs F Smith, best [illegible] Counterpane, [illegible]
Mrs S J Hinsdale, best Silk Patchwork [illegible]
Mrs Jno D Starr, " [illegible]
Mrs Jas Kyle, " [illegible]
Mrs E M Johnson, best Cotton Pat[illegible]
Mrs Dr Pleasants "
Misses M & A Butler, "
Mrs Hollingsworth, "
Miss Eliza Gillis, "
Miss Charity Williams, [illegible]
Mrs Cath Little, "
Mrs Wm McMillan, "
Mrs Jno McDaniel, "
Mrs C F Devane, "
Mrs A W Steel, best Crib Quilt, dip.
Miss Mary McPherson, best [illegible] Goods, $1.
Mrs J A Williams, best Woolen Counterpane, $1
Miss Mary McPherson, "
Mrs H H Buxton, best Knit Counterpane [illegible]
Mrs Sophia Smith, "
Miss Limpy Stark, best Tufted Counterpane [illegible]
Miss Sallie Smith, "
Mrs C M Walker, "
Mrs Jas McKethan, best Emb'd Counterpane [illegible]
Mrs W T Smith, "
Mrs McKellar, "
Mrs. Farq'd Smith, 1 piece Country made Jeans [illegible]

GRECIAN EMBROIDERY.

Miss Mary Jane Thompson, 1 Table Cover, [illegible]
Misses S & H Johnson, 1 Piano Cover, $1
Miss Alice Campbell, 1 " " dip.
Miss M C Montague, 1 Tufted Emb'd [illegible], $1
Miss Fannie Williams, 1 Ottoman Cover, $1
Miss M McKinnon, " " dip.
Miss Annie P Jackson, " " dip.
Miss Sarah C Hale, 1 Lamp Mat, $1
Mrs. Gurdon Deming, " " dip.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH EMBROIDERY.

Miss L. Gibons, Emb'd Pocket Hdkf and Collars, $1
Miss Fannie Gilchrist, 3 Embroidered Collars, dip.
Miss C Ferguson, 2 pair Sleeves, dip.
Miss Kate Williams, 1 do dip.
Mrs Ann C Hall, 1 Infant's Embroidered Dress, $1
Miss E B Deming, 1 do do do dip.
Mrs G Deming, 1 Embroidered Vest, $1
Miss S A Tillinghast, 1 do do dip.

The Committee on the above department recommend the following contributors to receive diplomas:

Mrs T S Lutterloh, 1 Infant's Embroidered Dress
Mrs A P Hurt, 1 do do
Mrs Wm Huske, 1 do do
Mrs E Stephens, 1 do do
Miss Emily C Jackson, 1 piece English Embroidery
Miss Susan Smith, 1 piece Transfer [illegible]
Mrs T J Robinson, 1 Embroidered Cap
Miss Kate McFadyen, 1 do do
Miss Mary Weldon Hall, 1 Infants Sack
Miss Harwell, 1 Ottoman Cover
Mrs Col A S McNeill, 1 Infants Sack
Miss E B Deming, 1 Embroidered Apron
Miss Fannie Gilchrist, 1 pair Embroidered Slippers
Miss M L Bunting, do do
Miss Mary Pearce, pair Infants Gaiters
Miss Margaret Murchison, 1 Lamp Mat
Miss Sarah Smith, do do
Mrs Jno M Rose, 2 Fire Screens.
Miss Fannie Starr, 1 Toilet Cushion.
Miss Martha Rush, do do
Mrs Dr T C Hall, do do
Miss M L Smith, do do
Miss Bettie Pipkin, 1 pair Ottomans
Miss H E McNeill, 1 Infant's Hat
Miss M J Evans, 1 Set Lamp Mats
Mrs E McGary, 1 Domestic Shawl.
Miss Jemima Alderman, 1 Embroidered Counterpane
Mrs. A R Smith, 1 lot Sewing Silk
Mrs Mary Kirkpatrick, 1 lot do
Mrs Dr Pleasants, 1 Embroidered Shirt
Mrs W T Smith, 1 piece Country Jeans

MANUFACTURES, NOT DOMESTIC.

Beaver Creek Co, 2 pieces Manufactured Goods, [illegible]
Union Mill, 2 specimens Yarn, No 20, $2.
Jacob Ottarburg, 1 Patent Spring Mattress, [illegible]
A M Campbell, 1 Box Tallow Candles, $2.
D & W McLaurin, 1 do Sperm " Superior, [illegible]
Charles Banks, 1 Lot Candy, $2.
R P Smith, 1 Bunch Plow Lines, $2.
David Gee, Lot Hats, $2.
David Murphy, 1 Ream Printing Paper, $2.

GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS, BOQUETS, &c.

Dr B Robinson, best Oranges, Chestnuts, Butternuts and Osage Orange, prem 50 cents.

Mrs Margaret Hooper, best Lemons, 50 cts.
Mrs Buxton, best Pears.
Mrs S A Leete, best Pomegranite.

C Lutterloh, best and largest lot of Greenhouse Plants, $1.

P M Hale, 1 fine Orange Tree in fruit.
Mrs B Rose, 1 large Lemon Tree.
" " 2 " Orange.
Mrs J Martine, 1 Cactus Truncatum.
Mrs W B Wright, a handsome Boquet.
Mrs E J Hale, a handsome Boquet.
Mrs H L Myrover, a pyramid [illegible] of cut flowers

Mrs Wright, 4 fine large specimens of Green-House Plants.

Handsome Boquets of cut flowers were also contributed by Mrs Hinsdale, Miss Fanny Gilchrist, [illegible]

MECHANICS.

For the best 4 horse Wagon, Thos C Fuller, [illegible]
Best steel Hoe Cultivator, Hugh McLean, $1
Steel Hoe Expanding Cultivator, Hugh McLean, [illegible]
Best Sub-soil Plough, Hector S McNeill, $1
Best Cotton Plough, Rob't Williams, $1.
Best Bedstead, Duncan McNeill, $2.
W M Colman, best Spt Barrel, $2.
J H & J Martine, best lot Tin Ware, $1.
A A McKethan, best close Carriage, $10
" best covered Buggy, $5.
Pier & Branin, best open Buggy, $3.
Houston & Overby, best double Harness, $5.

The following articles are entitled to Diplomas:

S Pipkin, Pine Turpentine Barrels.
G W Lawrence, Truss Hoops and Spt Barrel.
John McKellar, No 1 Rosin, premium $1.
Sampson Boon, best Hacker, " 50 cts.

H S McNeill, best Scraper and Shaving Down Iron Comb, 50 cts.

David McDuffie, 1 Centre Ornament, dip.
Mr F M James, 2 Mantel Ornaments, dip.
R B Smith, bbl Spt Turpentine, premium $2.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Miss Mary P Newby, Miniature Paintings, $2.
Mrs Wright Huske, Landscapes, $2.

...Pinghast, Book Binding, $1.
...sdale, Hair Bracelet, $1.
...s McNeill, Farmer's Gate and Latch, $1.
...Banks, for the daughters of David Lands-
...D. D., Saltcoats, Scotland, for specimens of
...Weeds in their Algarium.
...Banks for David Landsborough, D. D., Scot-
...of the most beautiful plates represent-
...weeds.
...following are entitled to Diplomas.
...Painting.
[illegible]
...Daguerreotypes and Photographs.
...Graining of Door.
...Marbling and Walnut Painting.
...Fancy Printing.
...Churn and Turnip Cutter.
...Garden Engine.
...Pump for a Well.
...Shower Bath.
...Pleasure Boat, 4 oars.
...Equator.
...Williams, Pine Burr Basket.
...Nott, Pine Burr Bonnet.
...Pemberton, Bead Baskets.
...Pine Burr Basket.
...Youth of 15, Window Cornices.
...15, Ear Rings.
...Miniature by a small negro boy belonging
...McCorquodale.
...Large Sweet Potatoes.
...Oregon Peas.
...McArthur, Large Turnips.
...M. M...n, Fine Corn.
...M. McPherson, Sweet Potatoes.
" Turnips.
...Corn.
...Sweet Potatoes.
...Polish, diploma.

[illegible]

A. J. O'HANLON.
52-1m

25 or 30 Negroes for Sale.

...will offer at public sale, on the ... next, at Averasboro', Cum... TWENTY FIVE or THIRTY likely Negroes, consisting of Men, Women, and Children, ... young and likely. ... several Mules, Horses, ... and several Negroes hired ... twelve months, notes made negotiable at ... Banks at Fayetteville. ... indebted to the subscriber by note, ... requested to call and settle ...

H. M. TURNER.
52-*3t

...times, and forward acc'ts.

NEW BOOKS.

...Baldwin, Author of Flush Times, &c. ... Swell Life at Sea. ... Wide Awake Gift and Know Nothing Token for ... Illustrated Natural History. ... Companion; Men and Women of the ... by Houssaye; High Life in New York, by ... Robert Bruce, the Hero King; Hart's ... Poetry, &c.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Sale of Lots in Campbellton.

...of a Decree of the Court of Equity, for ... County, I will sell at the Market ... Fayetteville, on Thursday the 4th day of ... following lots of Land lying in ... the property of the late James Barksdale, ... as the Davis lots, containing ... quarter Acres, known as the ... adjoining the same, containing two and a quarter Acres. ... will be sold upon a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

W. A. HUSKE, Clerk & Master.
Nov. 24, 1854. 52-3w

North Carolina Copper Mine.

By virtue of a Deed in Trust, executed by the President and Directors of the North Carolina ... Company to the undersigned Trustee, for certain ... therein contained, and duly registered in ... Guilford County, N. C., I will ... sale, ... on the premises, nine miles ... on Thursday the 25th of January, ... valuable property known as the NORTH CAROLINA COPPER MINE, containing about 100 ... together with all the Mining fixtures, Engines, ... Wagons, &c. &c. ... Trustee deems it unnecessary to give an extended ... of this property, or the prospects for ... persons that may ... underground ope... will be given either by him... on the premises. ... at 12 o'clock M., and continue ...

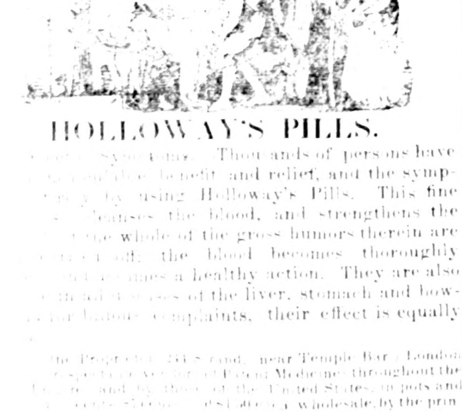
JAMES SLOAN, Trustee.
...Guilford, N. C. ... 52-ts
Nov. 22, 1854.

LAND! LAND!!

...for SALE the following Tracts ... acres, recently surveyed ... the best surveyed in the ... desirable and con... and Lumber business ... District, ... Big Black ... Lands of John Gardner, Angus ... Kenneth Morrison and others, ... with no improvements. ... 1,710 acres, no improvement. ... 400 acres, more or less, well ... miles from Cheraw, ... 200 acres, whereon Poplar ... first rate pine land ... water as any. ... acres, more or less, ... adjoining the lands of ... known as the ... New Market ... the estate of ... There is some first ...

[illegible]

The Road to Health.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

[illegible]

...A & D SANDS...

...E. & F. A. EVANS, Wilmington, N. C.
...S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, N. C.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 27, 1854.

Election of Senators.—The Locofocos have lost no time in disposing of the two great offices in their gift. They have elected David S. Reid and Asa Biggs to fill the seats of Willie P. Mangum and George E. Badger in the United States Senate!

We do not feel disposed to waste many words in deploring this sad falling off. It is but the usual result of the success of that party. The Government, in its Executive and Legislative branches, State and National, has gradually fallen into inferior hands. We regret it, for the sake of the country. But it is undeniably true.

The loss of such a man as Mr. Badger from the National Councils, is a National loss, but especially a North Carolina loss, which not a thousand Reids and Biggses could supply. But the majority have willed it, and the majority are entitled to rule. We could not expect Locofocos to elect a Whig. If they have sent their most eminent men, (however insignificant,) they have done what their constituents required at their hands; and it is our duty to submit.

A Governor for a Month.—Should Gov. Reid vacate the office of Governor, and take his seat in the Senate of the U. S., Warren Winslow, Esq. of this town, Speaker of the Senate, will become the acting Governor of the State till the 31st of December next.

The County Fair.—We stated on Thursday the complete success of the Fair on the preceding day. But the assemblage on Thursday far exceeded that of Wednesday. There must have been 2500 people, and hundreds of carriages, within the enclosures,—by far the largest crowd we ever saw in this place. And a more gratified collection of people we never saw. Every countenance manifested pleasure; every tongue was ready to express surprise and gratification at the fine display of articles on exhibition. But worthy of admiration as all this was, a still greater pleasure was felt in the assemblage of so many intelligent, well behaved, well dressed ladies and gentlemen—the bone and sinew, the wealth and beauty, of the county. *This* was worth all that the Society has spent of time and money in getting up the Fair.

The Address of the Hon. A. W. Venable was worthy of the marked attention paid to it by so large and intelligent an audience. It presented many striking facts and considerations to the minds of the farmers, which we hope others besides themselves will be enabled to profit by, as the Society has solicited a copy for publication. At a meeting of the Society, held on the same evening in the Town Hall, Mr. Venable was again called out, and spoke extemporaneously for about an hour, and with at least equal ability and interest. The Honorable gentleman made many friends here, not only of gentlemen of his own political party (for it is well known that he has occupied a position of honor by a party vote,) but we are glad to say, among Whigs likewise, who were charmed with his patriotism, his good sense, his eloquence, and his easy affability.

The awards of Premiums, &c. were read by E. L. Winslow, Esq., at 3 P. M. And then succeeded further trials of speed in trotting, &c. And at dark the grounds were deserted.

In the Evening, a Dancing Party, complimentary to the Ladies and Gentlemen from the country, was given at the Fayetteville Hotel, by the young gentlemen of the town.

We give in another column the official reports of Premiums, &c. awarded at the late Fair by the several Examining Committees. In regard to which we may remark, that with every desire to do full justice to all, the Committees fear that they have often failed to do so, owing to the large number of articles contributed—nearly 500—and to the great crowd, which prevented deliberate and careful examination.

☞ A few remarks on the Governor's Message, and various other matters, excluded for want of room.

☞ Thanksgiving Day.—Thursday next being Thanksgiving Day, we will issue the Observer either on Wednesday evening or early Thursday morning. Advertisements must therefore be handed in by Wednesday afternoon.

Congress will meet on Monday next.

Sad Accident.—On Saturday the 18th inst., the house of Mr. Miliner Burke, near Pittsboro', Chatham County, took fire. Mr. Burke made his escape, but returned for his money; the roof just then gave way and he was seen no more. Mr. Burke was one of Chatham's oldest and most respectable citizens. He leaves many warm friends and kind relatives to lament his sad fate.

From Europe.—Dates to 11th inst. Sebastopol was represented as tottering. There had been much hard fighting, with great loss on both sides. Breadstuffs had largely advanced. No material change in cotton.

Important.—An arrival from California brings a speech of the British Consul at the Sandwich Islands, in which it is declared "in the name of his government," that "ANY ATTEMPT TO ANNEX THE SANDWICH ISLANDS TO THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE IN CONTRAVENTION OF AN EXISTING TREATY, AND COULD NOT BE LOOKED UPON WITH INDIFFERENCE BY THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT."

A British fleet had arrived at the Islands.

Rail Road Collision.—The Harlem and New Haven trains came in collision in the upper part of New York city on Wednesday last, by which 30 or 40 persons were injured. Several legs were found among the ruins, under the cars, cut off. This terrible disaster is attributed to the carelessness of the conductor of the New Haven train.

N. C. Lunatic Asylum.—It is said that it will be a year before the extensive buildings can be ready for the reception of the unfortunate class for whom they are designed.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

We condense the proceedings of the Legislature, from unmeaning columns, to a few items, embracing every particular of interest or importance.

On Tuesday, in the Senate, Messrs. Boyd and Morisey were appointed a committee to inform the Governor of the organization of the two Houses. [Messrs. Badham and Turner on the part of the Commons.]

Resolutions were passed to provide curtains for the windows, and to pay S. D. Pool, late Clerk.

In the Commons, considerable debate took place on the *important* resolution to provide curtains for the windows. All propositions to amend were voted down, and the resolution was passed.

The Editor of the Standard was reported by the Secretary of State as the lowest bidder for the Legislative printing.

On Wednesday, Wm. Hill was re-elected Secretary of State, by a unanimous vote—112 in the House and 42 in the Senate.

Mr. Boyd introduced a bill to amend the Constitution of North Carolina, which, on his motion, was laid on the table and ordered to be printed. [The Free Suffrage bill.]

Three votes for Engrossing Clerk were taken without an election. The joint vote was for Jas. W. Powell of Warren, 36, W. H. Joyner of Franklin, 56, John T. Wheat of Orange 66.

Robert Strange was elected Solicitor of the 5th Judicial Circuit. Joint vote: Strange 100, Ralph P. Buxton 60.

In the Commons, Mr. Steele introduced a bill providing for an increase in the Salary of certain public officers. To the Governor, $3000; Treasurer, $2000; Clerk of the Treasury Department, $750; Comptroller, 1500; Secretary of State, $1200.

The bill passed its first reading when on motion of Mr. Steele, the Bill was referred to a select committee of five, consisting of Messrs. Steele, Bynum of Northampton, Barringer, Humphrey and Houston.

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, introduced the following Preamble and Resolutions, which were adopted:

Whereas, The time has arrived for the revival of the Charters of the Bank of the State and the Cape Fear Bank, or the establishment of other banking institutions, or substitutes for them, and the State being largely interested in said Banks as a stockholder, and the present Legislature being desirous to obtain full and correct information, especially as to the profits of these institutions, prior to any legislation on the subject thereof.

Resolved, That the Presidents and Cashiers of said Banks be requested to furnish, at the earliest convenience, to this Legislature, a tabular statement of their dividends and profits annually made on their Capital Stock since the year 1835; also, the amount paid into the public treasury, and the present amount of their contingent fund.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and resolutions be transmitted to the Presidents and Cashiers of said Banks by the Speakers of the two Houses.

The Governor's Message was received, read, and 10 copies for each member ordered to be printed.

On Thursday, in the Senate, the following Committees were appointed:

On Propositions & Grievances: Messrs. Boyd, Brogden, Mitchell, McCleese, Faison, Sanders and Mills.

On Claims: Messrs. Drake, Wiley, Jones, Freeman, Collins, Davis and Graves.

On the Judiciary: Messrs. Hoke, Graham, Eaton, Ashe, Coleman, Wilder and Haughton.

On Internal Improvements: Messrs. Fisher, Walker, Gilmer, Cherry, Christian, Wood and Oldfield.

On Corporations: Messrs. McDowell, Speight, Thomas, of Davidson, Tayloe, Morisey, Fennell and Mills.

On Education and Literary Fund: Messrs. Clark, Cunningham, Eborn, Lane, Bower, Martin, Biggs.

On Privileges and Elections: Messrs. Herring, Tayloe, Wiggins, Oldfield, Fonville, McCleese and Biggs.

Mr. Bower introduced a bill to repeal the act creating the office of Superintendant of Common Schools.

Mr. Bower moved to go forthwith into the election of Senator. Mr. Gilmer opposed the motion, as hasty, and unjust to absent members, and cited the election in 1848, when the Whigs put off the election two weeks on account of the absence of one member. Mr. Hoke supported the motion; but Mr. Clark moved to postpone the election till to-morrow, which was agreed to.

Mr. McDowell presented a memorial from numerous citizens of Cumberland, praying the charter of a bank, which was referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Also, a bill to incorporate the bank of Clarendon in Fayetteville—with a capital of $300,000 in shares of $50 each.

In the Commons, resolutions to refer various portions of the Governor's Message to appropriate committees, were presented by Mr. Bynum of Northampton.

A debate took place on a proposition to go into the election of Senators. Messrs. Barringer, Mebane, Jordan, Dargan, Shepherd, Caldwell, Phillips, Leach, White, Vance, Norment, Horton, Jenkins, Amis, Craven, Steele, Selby, Turner, and Cotten, participated in the debate, which was mainly as to the time when the election should take place. It was finally agreed that the election for the short term should take place on Friday, and for the long term on Saturday. It seemed to be fully evident that the Democracy were afraid to postpone the elections lest there should be some bolting. Seven members had not yet taken their seats.

On Friday, in the Senate, Mr. Morisey offered a resolution to provide clocks for the two Houses. Mr. Bower opposed it, but it was passed.

Mr. Haughton presented a bill to incorporate the McIver Coal Mining Company.

The order to print the Clarendon Bank bill was rescinded, on motion of Mr. Biggs.

Mr. Powell was elected Engrossing Clerk, 81 votes to 80 for Joyner.

The election for Senator for the short term resulted as follows:

For D. S. Reid.—Messrs. Speaker, Biggs, Bower, Boyd, Brogden, Clarke, Coleman, Collins, Cunningham, Drake, Eaton, Faison, Fennell, Fisher, Fonville, Graves, Herring, Hoke, Jones, McDowell, Martin, Mills, Oldfield, Sanders, Speight, Walker, Wilder, Wood.—28

For D. M. Barringer.—Messrs. Ashe, Christian, Cherry, Davis, Eborn, Freeman, Gilmer, Graham, Haughton, Lane, McCleese, Mitchell, Morisey, Tayloe, Thomas of Davidson, Wiggins.—16.

For *Mr. Rayner.*—*Mr.* Willey.

Mr. Stephenson of Newbern was re-elected Solicitor of that Circuit, 99 votes to 61 for Geo. Green.

In the Commons, the following standing committees were announced:

On Education:—Messrs. Williams, of New Hanover, Stubbs, Black, J. H. Headen, Jenkins, Vance, Meares, Humphrey, Wilkins Selby and Martin.

On Propositions and Grievances:—Messrs. Waugh, White, of Bladen, Carmichael, Barnes of Edgecombe, Winston, Cooke, Caldwell, Long, Eure and Black.

On Private Bills:—Messrs. Lancaster, Ames, Jenkins, Steele, Shipp, Williams, of Warren, Vance, Whitfield, of Wayne, Blow, Whitlock, Daniel, Shaw and Rolen.

On Privileges and Elections:—Messrs. McDuffie, Grist, Williams of Warren, McKesson, Jenkins, Simmons, Mordecai, Sherrill, Craven, Watts and Wright.

On Claims.—Messrs. Settle, Stubbs, Dargan, Jones, of Columbus, Love, Daniel, Blow, Yancy, Whitaker, Russel and Horton.

On Judiciary:—Messrs. Dortch, Shepherd, Barringer, Jordan, Bynum, of Northampton, Bynum, of Rutherford, Singeltary, Phillips, Outlaw, Houston and Gorrell.

On Internal Improvements.—Messrs. Cansler, McDuffie, Myers, Dargan, Leach, of Davidson, Badham, Turner, Shipp, McMillan, Carmichael and Green.

Finance.—*Messrs* Shepherd, *Mebane*, Cansler, Steele, Patterson, White, of Bladen, Smith, and Love.

Mr. Leach offered a series of resolutions relative to the Public Lands, expressing disapprobation of the Homstead Bill, &c.

Mr Shepherd introduced a bill to amend an "Act to restrain the taking of excessive usury." Provides that 6 per cent shall be the lawful interest, unless in case of special contract to the contrary between the parties.

The vote for Senator was as follows:

For Hon. D. M. Barringer.—Messrs Amis, Bogle, J G Bynum, D F Caldwell, Carmichael, Chadwick, Cook, Craven, Dargan, Daniel, Davenport, Eure, Furr, Gilliam, Gorrell, Green, Harrison, J H Headen, Horton, Johnson, J M Leach, Hugh Leach, March, Mann, McKesson, Mebane, Mordecai, S J Neal, Outlaw, Patterson, Parks, Patton, Perkins, Phillips, Rolen, Russel, Shipp, Sharpe, Simmons, Smith, Stubbs, Steele, Thornburg, Turner, Vance, Walser, Wilkins, Winston and B F Williams—49.

For Hon. D. S. Reid.—Mr. Speaker, J. Barnes, A. Barnes, Badham, Black, Blow, Bryson, Bryant, Bullock, J. B. Bynum, Cansler, Cofield, Cotton, Daughtry, Dortch, Dunn, Flynt, Garland, Gentry, M. Green, A. D. Headen, Hill, Polland, Houston, Humphrey, Jarvis, Jenkins, Jordan, Lancaster, Long, Lyon, Martin, McMillan, McDuffie, Myers, J. W. Neal, Norment, Oglesby, Rand, Regan, Rose, Selby, Settle, Shepherd, Shaw, Sherrill, Singeltary, Sutton, Tomlinson, Waugh, Watts, G. M. White, J. H. White, N. B. Whitfield, L. Whitfield, Whitaker, Whitlock, T. H. Williams, Wright and Yancy.—64.

For Mr. Craige—Mr. Love.
For Mr Kerr—Mr Barringer.
For Mr Holmes—Mr. A. J. Jones.

Mr. Dargan moved that Gov. Reid be notified of his election as Senator. Mr. Dortch thought it unnecessary—the journal and the newspapers would inform him of the fact. Messrs. Steele and Barringer enforced the propriety of a formal notice. Mr. Dortch moved to lay Mr. Dargan's motion on the table. Rejected, 96 to 15; and the Speakers were then directed to notify the Governor.

LATEST.—From our Raleigh Correspondent.

Raleigh, Saturday, Nov. 26th 1854.

The Democracy have taken Sebastopol—done the deed and rejoice over the slain. They elected another Senator to the U. States Congress to-day. Can you guess who? Thank Heaven it was not Clingman. Asa Biggs was the man after their own heart. Hurrah! for Reid and Biggs—short names and short men. North Carolina can now hold up her head, if she aint ashamed, since the illustrious Badger is removed from the Senate.

In the Senate to-day very little was done of interest except the election of Senator, which was nothing unexpected. Mr. Wood introduced a bill providing for the election of select men in each County, with certain powers relating to County government. The bill passed its first reading and was ordered to be printed. There are certain provisions in it which will give occasion to any amount of debate when it properly comes up.

There were several Joint Committees appointed in the Senate on parts of the Governor's Message, as follows:

On Finance,—Messrs. Bower, Graham, Biggs, Wilder, Walker, Ashe, Gilmer, Clark.

On Swamp Lands,—Messrs. Cherry, Biggs, Jones.

On Deaf, Dumb and Blind,—*Messrs.* Sanders, Tayloe, Speight.

On Monuments,—*Messrs.* Coleman and Ashe.

On Printing,—*Messrs* Clark, Cunningham, Haughton.

Mr. Hoke introduced a bill relating to Military Affairs, which was appropriately referred.

In the House a Resolution was passed ordering a Committee to be raised to be known as a Committee on Banking, with instructions to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Williams, of New Hanover, introduced a bill providing for an increase in the per diem of Jurors in that County, to $2.00 per day, and a like sum for every twenty miles' travel in attending Court. The bill was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The following Committees were appointed:

On Swamp Lands—Messrs Jordan, Stubbs, Selby, Gilliam, and Williams of New Hanover.

On Printing—Messrs Mann, Lancaster and McMillan.

A Bill was introduced by Mr. Lancaster providing for the pay of Talis Jurors in Alamance the same as the regular panel. The bill was referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Mr. Houston introduced a bill to divide the State into nine Judicial Circuits, which was ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Judiciary. If this bill goes through there will be two more Judges.

The Committee on the Judiciary were instructed to inquire into the propriety of abolishing Jury trials in the County Courts.

The vote for U. S. Senator was a strictly party vote. Hon. Geo. E. Badger was nominated by Mr. Leach of Davidson, and Hon. Thos. L. Clingman by Mr. Patton, of Macon. The vote stood on joint ballot: Biggs 91, Badger 69, Clingman Nothing!!!

So Clingman is shipwrecked. I think it was adding worse than insult to injury. Poor man, scorned by the Whigs, repudiated by the Democrats, and laughed at by the small fry. He Clung like a man to the last spar of his craft, and left the city this morning quoting Shakspeare apostrophised:

> "O insupportable! O heavy hour!
> Methinks, it should be now a huge eclipse
> Of Sun and Moon; and the forsworn Democracy
> Should yawn at alteration."

There is but little in the way of gossip afloat to-day. 'Tis said, however, that His Excellency and his lesser lights are satisfied, now that he is elected; and that he is to hold on to the Governor's chair until the first of January, notwithstanding they kicked up such a muss about hurrying the election on. They argued on Thursday that a Senator must be elected forthwith, else old Carolina was a goner, and according to their judgment, David was the only man to save her; but on Saturday they see it is not so important after all, and wink to their man Friday to hold on to the last.

I have never seen a more striking contrast than is presented by the opposite sides of the House. This I think will be conceded by all parties. I hope things may improve. *Men* do sometimes grow better by association.

Cabinet Changes.—The Washington writers report that the Cabinet will be reconstructed in January. That Messrs. Guthrie and Campbell will be *dismissed* from the Treasury and Post Office Departments, (they ought to be;) and that Mr. Marcy will go to England in Mr. Buchanan's place. Mr. Cushing is to become Secretary of State, Mr. Dobbin of the Treasury; Senator Mason of Va., to take the Navy, and Mr. Breckenridge of Ky., the Attorney Generalship. The P. M. General has not been fixed upon (by these writers); the other Cabinet officers to remain as at present.

Free Banking in N. C.—The Greensboro' (N. C.) Patriot, contains an article over the signature of "Reform," proposing "a new system of banking in that State, to be based upon certificates of stock in the various railroads of the State." It is to be hoped the Legislature of North Carolina will undertake no such "reform." The free banking system has already created sufficient ruin and distrust, and the States wherein it has not been introduced should carefully guard against the whole system.—*Baltimore Sun.*

More Abolition Locos.—Besides Wells of Wisconsin, over whose election to Congress the Washington Union has been rejoicing, there is Woodworth of Illinois, claimed by the same official organ of the Administration as a triumph, who was run as the regular Free Soil, anti-Nebraska, anti-Democratic, anti-Administration candidate. He was opposed by a whig who was not sufficiently distinguished for that fierce and vindictive opposition to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise which the majority in the district demanded, and by a partizan of Nebraska, Pierce and Douglas. He was denounced by the Nebraskaites as an Abolitionist. His majority over the Douglas candidate was 4000. This is one of the *Democrats* claimed. Judge Trumbull is another. He denounced Douglas and all his schemes from Springfield to Cairo. He was opposed by a regularly nominated Nebraska party man, received the entire Whig vote of the district, and is elected by 2500 majority. These are the latest specimens of model Democrats.

The Clemens Letters.—The North Carolinian publishes Mr. Clemens's second letter to the President—admitting inaccuracy as to *one* of the statements in his first, which *single* statement had been questioned by the President—as evidence that we were mistaken in attributing the President's support of the Nebraska bill to hostility to the South.

If the honor and interest of the South were as dear to the Carolinian as the success of its party, it would have adopted our course, published *both* letters, and allowed its readers to see that the language attributed by us to the President, was not only not retracted by Mr Clemens, but was expressly re-affirmed by him and not questioned by the President.

The Carolinian also found it convenient to omit answering a question we put to it last week. No better evidence than these suppressions of truth is needed that we are right and it wrong.

The Money Market, in the Northern cities, appears to be getting worse and worse. Among other evidences of distress, we may mention, that the acceptances of two prominent rail roads were in the N. Y. Market at rates varying from 2 to 2½ per cent. per month. Rail Road demands of all kinds are pressed on the market. Virginia State 6 per cent. bonds sell at 89.

Baltimore and Philadelphia appear to be equally bad off for money.

Fugitive Case.—In the U. S. Court at Milwaukie, John Rycroft has been convicted of aiding in the rescue of a fugitive slave from the U. S. Marshal, in April last.

Election Frauds.—There is reason to believe that the late New York election has been controlled by fraudulent alterations in the returns, made from time time so as to make a majority. In the language of the Washington Globe, "alterations of the official returns have been made by both parties, and, perhaps, about an equal number of times; but it appears to us that the friends of Clark have, while their hands were in, added more than the friends of Seymour did."

The Globe cites cases to show this. The returns of counties within six hours by rail road, and six seconds by telegraph, were repeatedly changed, the last change being made *nine days after the election!* The elective principle in our institutions is fast becoming a humbug.

Public Lands.—During the past fiscal year 9,500,000 acres of public lands have been surveyed; 7,000,000 brought into market and sold; yielding a revenue of some $9,000,000. 3,500,000 acres have been entered with military land warrants; *eleven millions* of acres surrendered to the States as *Swamp* lands; and 1,500,000 acres selected by Rail Roads under donation acts. In all more than 20,000,000 acres have passed out of the hands of the Government during the year.

Land speculations have been carried on in the West this year to an extraordinary extent; and much of the tightness of the money market in the Western States is attributed to this cause.

Grand Parade.—The Don Quixote Invincibles made a ludicrous showing on Thursday. The riders were all masked, and the poorest horses to be found were used—one of the company rode a small ox. They passed through the Fair Grounds, and greatly added to the amusement of the occasion.—*North Carolinian.*

North Carolina Notes.—Some reports having recently been circulating relative to the solvency of the Farmers' Bank of Elizabeth City, N. C., the cashier of that institution writes to a firm in Norfolk as follows: "We are prepared to redeem our circulation when presented, having *one and a half* dollars capital paid for every dollar of our circulation, and one and three quarters of a dollar in exchange falling due for each dollar of our notes outside our vaults." The banks of North Carolina have stood firm amid the pressures of past years, and are regarded as examples of good management.

MARRIED,

On Monday, the 20th inst., by M. Mendenhall, Esq. in Guilford county, Mr. BASTON ENGLISH to Miss ELIZA MENDENHALL, both of Randolph county.

At Alexandria, (Va.) on the 22d instant, by the Rev. Mr. Johnstone, Rev. CHARLES H. HALL, of Fayetteville, (N. C.) to Miss ANNIE S., youngest daughter of the late Geo. H. Duffey, of Alexandria.

In the vicinity of Hillsborough, on Thursday evening the 17th inst., by the Rev. Robert Burwell, THOS. WEBB, Esq., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, to Miss ROBINA NORWOOD, daughter of John W. Norwood.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

[Orrell's Line.] Nov 27—Str Sun, with goods for W J McConnell, C W Williams & co, S J Piggott & co, M Holton, Rev J R McIntosh, W Draughon, J W Dick, J N Smith, P P Johnson, W H Carver, C B Mallett, F D Breece, O S Poe, E W Willkings, Jones & Lett, Lash & Bro, Benbow, Kyle & Co, J M Beasley, J W Sandford, C D Nixon, Greentree & Barnum, D & W McLaurin, R Mitchell, C Lutterloh, G McNeill, Mrs S J Hart, Hall & Bollinger, J Downey, R M Orrell, E C Hall, J T Wright, E & H F.

[Lutterloh's Line.] Nov 23—Str Fanny, with goods for P Taylor, C Lutterloh, J S Banks, J R Whitaker, H W Black, P P Johnson, L W Levy, H L Myrover & Co, H & E J Lilly, E W Willkings, T S Lutterloh, J & T Waddill, Mrs M Holmes, Stedman & Horne, R W Kinlaw & Co, How & Chase, C W Moss, D & J McRae, D & W McLaurin, E J Hale & Son, J Martine, W Sullivan, J H Hall.

[Express Line.] Str Southerner and Lighters, with goods for W N Tillinghast, A H, L Curtis, G Brown, Ramsey & Bro, J & T Waddill, D & W McLaurin, F Fries, Cook & Johnson, P P Johnson, R Mitchell.

DIED,

In Orange County, on the 8th inst., Mrs. DELIA SMITH, widow of the late Dr. James S. Smith, in the 69th year of her age.

At Asheville, on the 21st instant, of inflammation of the lungs, Mr. JOHN LUMSDEN, of this town, aged about 38, leaving a wife and six children to mourn his loss.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—Nov. 27.

BACON—	12 a 13	MOLASSES—	
BEESWAX—	24 a 25	Cuba,	26 a 27½
CANDLES–F. F.	18 a 20	New Orleans,	37½ a 40
Adamantine	28 a 30	NAILS—	5½ a 5¾
Sperm	50 a	OILS—Linseed,	85 a 90
COFFEE—Rio,	12 a 13	Tanners',	60 a 70
Laguira,	13½ a	SALT—	
St. Domingo,	00 a 00	Liv'p, (sack,)	2 00 a
COTTON—		Alum, (bu.)	a
Fair to good,	8½ a	SEED—	
Ordinary to mid.,	8 a 8¼	Flaxseed,	1 15 a 1 20
COTTON BAGGING—		Clover, per lb.	12½ a 15
Gunny,	15 a 17½	SHOT—	
Dundee,	14 a 15	Com., pr. bag,	2 00 a
Burlaps,	00 a 00	Buck,	2 25 a
COTTON YARNS—		SPIRITS—	
No. 5 to 10,	17 a 18	Peach Brandy,	1 00 a
DOMESTIC GOODS—		Apple "	70 a 75
Bro. Sheetings,	7½ a 8	N. C. Whiskey,	70 a
Osnaburgs,	9½ a 10	Northern "	a 60
FEATHERS—	40 a 45	N. E. Rum,	50 a
FLOUR—		Jam'ca Rum,	$2 a 2 50
Superfine,	7 75 a 8 00	Fr. Brandy,	$4 a 6 00
Fine,	7 50 a 7 75	American Gin,	50 a 60
Scratched,	7 25 a 7 50	Holland do,	1 50 a 2 00
GRAIN—		SUGAR—	
Corn,	90 a 1 00	Loaf,	11 a 12
Wheat,	$0 a 0 00	Crushed,	10 a 11
Oats,	60 a	St. Croix,	9 a
Peas,	1 00 a	Porto Rico,	7 a 9
Rye,	1 20 a	New Orleans,	6 a 8
HIDES—Dry,	10 a 11	TALLOW—	11 a 12
Green,	4 a 5	TOBACCO—	
IRON—		Leaf,	none.
Swedes, co. bar,	a 5½	Manufactured,	8 a 15
Ditto, wide,	6 a 6½	WHITE LEAD—	$2¼ a 2 50
English,	4 a	WINDOW GLASS—	
LARD—	13 a 14	8 x 10,	2¼ a 2½
LEAD—	8 a	10 x 12,	2¾ a
		WOOL—	13 a 15

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Cotton—The market may be considered dull at the prices of last week.
Flour—Market quite animated.
Corn steady.
Flaxseed finds ready sale at quotation.
Rye—Demand large; receipts quite light.
Spirits 45. Turpentine the same.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Yellow dip Turpentine 3 60, virgin 2 92, hard 2 00; Spirits dull, and no sales; Common Rosin 1 50; Tar 2 75; Fayetteville Super Flour $9, a decline of 50 cts; Cotton 7 to 9.

AUCTION.

WILL be sold at the Market House, at 12 o'clock, on Tuesday, the 28th inst.,

FOUR LOTS, situated on Cross Creek, known as the Anderson Paper Mill Site.

C. E. LEETE,
Auct'r.
Nov. 25. 52-1t

MONEY.

WE dislike to allude to unpleasant subjects during these hard times, but if our customers whose notes and accounts have been lying over for one and two years, would call and pay us, we would be thankful. If not convenient to call in person, remittances will do. We would almost consent to pay postage for the sake of the Cash.

J. & T. WADDILL, Hay St.
Nov'r 27, 1854. 52tf

WANTED.

A MAN with a small family, to take charge of my Plantation near Fayetteville, on the first of January next, as an Overseer. Evidence of sober and industrious habits will be required.

JNO. WADDILL, Jr.
Nov'r 27, 1854. 52tf

EQUITY LAND SALE.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Eqvity for Cumberland county, I will sell on the premises, on Saturday the 5th day of January next, 400 or 500 acres of LAND, the property of the late Hugh McPhail, dec'd, joining the lands of Conoley, Ellis, Buie, and others.

The said Lands lie on the Chicken Road, nine miles from Fayetteville and within 2 or 3 miles of the Centre Plank Road, and are valuable for Timber and Turpentine. They will be sold upon a credit of six and twelve months, with interest after six months.

W. A. HUSKE, Clerk and Master.
Nov'r 25, 1854. 52*4t

THOS. J. JOHNSON

IS NOW receiving his Fall Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots, and Shoes, &c.,—comprising a general assortment. Some very fine city-made Calf Boots, fine Dress, Frock and Over Coats. This stock is offered at wholesale or retail, for cash, barter, or on time as usual. The stock of shoes is very heavy embracing nearly all the kinds worn in this region, from the finest gaiter to the heaviest brogan. A large lot fine Candles.

Call near the Cape Fear Bank, Person Street.
Nov. 1854. 51-1m

PLANTS, TREES, &c.

THE Season has now arrived for setting out all kinds of hardy Plants and Trees, my stock of which is very large and select. The EVERGREENS include the new introductions from Japan, China, South America, &c.; my ORNAMENTAL TREES, FLOWERING SHRUBS, ROSES, STAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, GRAPE VINES, &c., are the VERY BEST that can be procured. I have also, a choice and well grown lot of GREEN HOUSE Plants.

In the way of Fruit Trees my DWARF PEARS will give entire satisfaction both as to quality and early bearing,—frequently fruiting the second year after being planted; other kinds of Fruit Trees will be ready soon.

Catalogues supplied to applicants.

Address C. LUTTERLOH, Nurseryman,
Fayetteville.

☞ A few bushels of Blue Grass Seed just received.

Nov. 23. 51-2t

CAMPBELL'S CLUB HOUSE GIN.

THE Subscribers, importers of the staple productions of Holland and its Colonies, offer to the public, their brand of Club House Gin, contained in cases of 12 Dutch flasks each. This Gin is of a quality and fineness heretofore unknown in commerce, being the pure spirit, in its finest drinkable condition and flavor, such as is used in the first Club Houses in Holland. It is expressly made for us, under the superintendence of our partner, Mr. Wm. S. Campbell, established for many years in Rotterdam.

It is confidently recommended to our friends, and particularly to those who use it medicinally, as an article that has no equal in this market.

CAMPBELL BROTHERS, 4 Pine St.,
For sale by J. N. SMITH, Druggist.
Fayetteville, Nov. 21, 1853. 51-tf

SCOTT & BALDWIN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

BEG to say to the gentlemen of Fayetteville, such as appreciate well made and handsome fitting garments, that they have just opened a new and elegant ADDITIONAL assortment of French and English **CLOTHS, CASSIMERES** and **VESTINGS**, and such fabrics—the qualities—are rarely seen in North Carolina.

We are determined to save you the necessity of sending North for COATS, PANTS, and VESTS. By leaving your measures with us, you will get such goods as none but first class Merchant Tailors keep, purchased and imported expressly for ordered work.

UNDER GARMENTS of the finest fabrics, a full supply.

SCOTT & BALDWIN,
Market Street.
Oct. 27. 44-it1stJ

FOR SALE.

600 ACRES of superior land on the Western Plank Road, four miles above Carthage, Moore county, lying on Richland Creek. It is said to be the best Farming land in the county, and will be sold at the reduced price of Five Dollars per acre, if applied for on or before the 15th December next.

T. S. LUTTERLOH.
Nov. 22. 51-3w

Fayetteville Mutual Insurance Company.

THIS Company has been in successful operation since Feb'y 1853. It has paid all losses promptly, *without any assessment*, and it has still a small cash capital on hand.

Policies issued up to 13th May, No. 706, covering property to value of	$1,151,862 00
Policies cancelled and expired,	269,634 00
Amount now insured,	$882,228 00
Amount Premium Notes,	$104,669 61
Do. do. cancelled and expired,	6,085 35
Do. do. now on hand,	$98,584 26
Averaging [illegible] per cent. on the amount insured.	
Cash premiums received,	$8,258 61
Fire losses adjusted and paid,	$1,227 22

The Board take pleasure in stating that the Company [illegible] public confidence. It is [illegible]. We solicit [illegible] business.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. Mc[illegible], [illegible] Myrover, C. Benbow, Henry [illegible], J. G. Shepherd, S. T. Hawley, David A. Ray, [illegible], Thos. S. Lutterloh, N. A. Stedman, [illegible], A. [illegible] Hall, J. [illegible] Coos, A. A. McKethan, [illegible], C. Lutterloh.

OFFICERS:

GEO. McNEILL, President.
[illegible] MYROVER, Vice President.
C. A. McMILLAN, Secretary.
J. G. SHEPHERD, Attorney.
[illegible] LEMAY, General Agent.

May 20, 1854. 98y

TROY & MARSH

HAVE ON HAND

New Crop Molasses, Sugars, Coffee, Salt, Iron, Nails, Hardware, Cutlery, Window Glass, Putty, Blacksmith Tools, Dye Stuffs, Spices, Adamantine and Tallow Candles, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Cotton Cards, Saddles and Bridles, Snuff, Soaps, Dry Goods, etc., etc. Which they offer at wholesale and retail.

ALSO,

Mess Pork, [illegible] Lard, Meal, Fresh, Dried Fruits, [illegible] country Butter.

[illegible] Celebrated [illegible] N. Y. price.

[illegible] Manufacture [illegible] Factory prices.

July 28, 1853. 56tf

RYE WHISKEY.

D[illegible] Williams' rectified Rye Whiskey [illegible] Warehouse by the [illegible] this Whiskey for the [illegible] superior [illegible] America.

J. & T. WADDILL.

CASH OR BARTER.

[illegible]

Osnaburgs, Sheetings, and Cotton Yarn, by the bale.

The above goods will be sold very low, if applied for soon. BENBOW, KYLE & CO.

July 5, 1854. 1tf

North Carolina Cassimeres.

MR. JAMES G. COOK has on hand a full stock of [illegible] Rock Island Cassimeres, manufactured by Carson, Young & Grier, at their Mill in Mecklenburg County, N. C., where customers and merchants can be supplied. The manufacturers recommend their fabrics as being equal in durability, and as permanent in color, as any goods of similar character manufactured or sold in the U. S. They invite the most [illegible] and thorough tests of them, and only ask to be patronized in proportion to their merits.

Sept. 9. 27tf

NEW BAKERY.

THE Subscriber has established a Bakery on Bow Street, in the last two doors East of Duncan McNeill's Cabinet Shop. He is prepared to furnish Families, Boats, and the public generally, with Bread, Biscuit, and Cakes of various kinds, of the best quality, as he has procured the services of one of the best Bakers in the State. Prices reasonable. Give me a call.

CHA'S BANKS.

Fayetteville, Dec. 28, 1852. 55-tf

Fire Insurance.

THE ÆTNA Insurance Company of Hartford, having paid the tax imposed by the Revenue Law of the late Legislature, will continue its Agency in Fayetteville, under the management of the undersigned, who is prepared to issue Policies of Insurance on Buildings or Goods, either in this Town or in any part of the State, on proper application, description of the Property, &c.

The ÆTNA COMPANY has been in operation about 30 years. Its capital is **$300,000.** The Hon. Thos. K. Brace was its first President, and he still holds that office. [illegible] of its first Directors are still active and efficient members of the Board. It has at all times sustained the highest character for the prudence of its management, and for the liberality with which it has ever adjusted its losses.

E. J. HALE, Agent.

NEW BOOKS.

BABYLON and Nineveh, Layard's Second Expedition; Freaks of Fortune, by J. B. Jones; Alice Seymour; Ned Musgrave, by Theo. Hook.

Also, further supplies of Capt. Canot; Alone; Hard Times, by Dickens. Just received.

Oct. 16. E. J. HALE & SON.

CHURCH MUSIC.

THE Christian Minstrel, by J. B. Aikin; Harp of the South, by Woodbury; Presbyterian Psalmodist; Southern Harmony; with other kinds of Church Music in general use. E. J. HALE & SON.

ALMANACS FOR 1855.

A LARGE supply of Farmer's & Planter's and Turner's N. C. Almanacs for 1855, just received.

E. J. HALE & SON.

1ySept. 23. 24-

DR. STRONG'S COMPOUND SANATIVE PILLS

These Pills are entirely Vegetable, and are a most superior Medicine [illegible]

As a Female Medicine they [illegible] and when taken according to the directions, they never fail to cure the worst cases of **Piles**, [illegible]

They purify the blood, equalize the circulation, restore the Liver, Kidneys, and other Secretory Organs, to a healthy tone and action; and as an Anti-Bilious Family Medicine they have no equal. Price 25 cents per box.

Also

DR. STRONG'S PECTORAL STOMACH PILLS

A remedy for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Consumption, Nervous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Erysipelas, [illegible] Heart, Inflammation and Pain in the Chest, Back [illegible] and all diseases arising from a deranged state of the Stomach, and to relieve the distress and bad feeling from [illegible] food in weak and dyspeptic habits.

WARRANTED TO BE PURELY VEGETABLE.

These Pills act as an Expectorant, Tonic, and Aperient. One 25 cent box possesses three times more power to cure diseases than a one dollar bottle of any of the Syrups, Balsams, or Sarsaparillas, that were ever made. A simple trial of only one box will prove this important fact.

They promote Expectoration, Loosen the Phlegm, and Clear the Lungs and other Secretory Organs, of all morbid matter, and there is not another remedy in the whole Materia Medica capable of imparting such healing properties to the Lungs and Vital Organs as these Pills. **They Cure Costiveness, produce a good, regular Appetite, and Strengthen the System.**

Price 25 cents per box, containing 25 doses of Medicine.

Call on the Agents who sell the Pills, and get the *Planter's Almanac* GRATIS, giving full particulars and certificates of cures.

Both kinds of the above named Pills are for sale in **Every Town and Village in North and South Carolina.**

In Fayetteville, by S. J. HINSDALE, and JAMES N. SMITH.

Sash, Blinds and Doors.

G. S. BUIE & CO.

ARE now putting up in this place Machinery of the most improved kind for the manufacture of SASH, BLINDS and DOORS, which will enable us to furnish a good article and at less price than they have ever been sold in this market.

—ALSO—

Ornamental Mouldings of all kind, length and size. Machinery expected in a few days for planing, tongueing and grooving Flooring.

All orders addressed to G. S. Buie & Co. will receive prompt attention.

G. S. BUIE & CO.

Fayetteville, Nov. 11, 1854. 48tf

Argus and Carolinian six mo.

Dental and Surgical Instruments,

MAGNETO Electro Machines, a large assortment just received and for sale by

J. N. SMITH.

Nov. 8. 47-tf

N. O. MOLASSES.

IN 40 gallon casks, a prime article.

J. & T. WADDILL.

Nov. 8, 1854. 47-tf

WILLIAM A. GWYER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND DISTILLERS' AGENT,

Wilmington, N. C.

PERSONAL attention given to the sale or shipment of NAVAL STORES. I have ample facilities for conducting the business; and extensive Wharves and Warehouses to protect SPIRITS TURPENTINE from exposure. NAVAL STORES, FLOUR, COTTON, &c., will be shipped to any House in New York, or to other Markets if desired; and liberal CASH ADVANCES made on consignments. I refer to the following Distillers:—

I. Hannum, Wayne county.
E. H. Woodard & Co., Earpsborough.
W. Earpe & Co., "
A. G. Thornton Esq. Johnston county.
Spencer Fountain, Esq. "
B. R. Hinnant, Esq. "
Messrs. Fridges & Durham, "
" Blow & O'Neal "
" Searles & Adams, Sampson county.
" M. & G. Lee, "
D. T. Durham, "
B. Godwin, Esq. Robeson county.
C. W. Crawford, Esq. "
Lovet Peacock, Esq. Columbus county.
W. J. Outland & Co., Bladen county, &c.

June 9, 1854. 4-tf

1854. SPRING SUPPLY.

Drs. FOULKES & MACRAE,

Wholesale & Retail Druggists,

Are now receiving their Spring and Summer supply of

Drugs, Medicines & Chemicals,

Dye-Woods and Dye-Stuffs,
Oils, Paints, and Painters' Articles,
VARNISHES,
French, English and American Perfumery,
Fine Toilet and Shaving Soaps,
Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes, Paint Brushes,
Surgical and Dental Instruments,
Trusses and Supporters of all kinds,
Pure Wines and Brandies for Medical purposes,
Extracts for Flavoring,
Choice Toilet and Fancy Articles, &c.

☞ They make their purchases for Cash, and offer goods equally as low as they can be obtained from any similar establishment in this section.

Warranted to be Fresh, Pure and Genuine.

Orders from the country promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed with regard both to price and quality.

Hay street, next door West of H. & E. J. Lilly.

March 17, 1854. 80tf

Steam Engines—Fayetteville Manufacture.

WE are now prepared with all the necessary machinery for manufacturing STEAM ENGINES, from five to sixty horse power, which we can furnish on as favorable terms as any Northern establishment. Persons in want of Engines for Mills, [illegible] will perceive the advantage of having them made near home.

☞ An Engine of our own manufacture can be seen in operation at the Foundry.

HALL & BOLLINGER.

Dec. 7, 1853. 51-tf

Pure East India Castor Oil.

WE have just received a supply of Pure East India CASTOR OIL, without taste or smell, first introduced by us into this market last Spring.

FOULKES & MACRAE.

March 17, 1854. 80tf

500,000 lbs. Cotton and Linen RAGS wanted.

THE subscriber will pay the highest market price for any quantity of clean Linen and Cotton Rags.

DAVID MURPHY.

Feb'y 1854. 74tf

$100 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, two Negro Girls and four Children, viz: MARTHA, a bright mulatto, five feet four or five inches high, took with her two girl children, Frances and Ann; HANNAH, copper colored, about the same height of Martha. Hannah took with her two male children, Lewis and John.

The above negroes formerly belonged to the estate of George T. Barksdale, and are supposed to be lurking about the Cape Fear, about Mr. Winslow's plantation. The above reward will be paid for their confinement in any Jail so that the subscriber can get them, or for their delivery to the subscriber in Sampson county.

FLEET R. PETERSON.

September 6, 1853. 26-tf

MARBLE FACTORY.

By GEO. LAUDER.

TWO DOORS ABOVE C. T. HAIGH & SON'S STORE.

Fayetteville, N. C.

Jan'y 20, 1854. 64y-pd

Fayetteville Candy Manufactory.

THE subscriber still continues to manufacture a superior article of plain and fancy CANDIES at the old stand, (No. 5, Green street, 3 doors North, of the Market House,) where he would be happy to see his old friends and customers.

CHARLES BANKS.

March 7, 1853. 73tf

STEDMAN & HORNE,

Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens and the public generally, that they have just returned from New York, and are receiving their Spring Stock of Goods, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c.

A variety of Hats, suitable for the season; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Slippers; a large assortment of ready-made Clothing; a great many articles in the ladies' line, and we would be pleased to have them to call and examine for themselves.

All orders sent to our care from our friends and customers will be promptly attended to.

March 30, 1853. 81tf

Carthage Hotel.

HAVING recently purchased the above Establishment from Malcom Kelly, Esq., I am now prepared to entertain in a comfortable manner those who may give me a call. Having ample Stables, good Ostlers, and a disposition to accommodate, I trust I shall be able to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor me with their patronage.

Carthage, Dec. 5, 1853. H. C. McLEAN. 51tf

A large quantity of Manufactured TOBACCO, of various brands and prices, for sale by

STEDMAN & HORNE.

July 20, 1854. 16tf

Fall Trade, 1853.

I have received my Fall Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

My Stock is large, and well worth the attention of purchasers. Any kind of Produce taken in exchange.

JAS. G. COOK.

Oct. 3, 1853. 32tf

LAND BROKER.

I HAVE so many inquiries about Turpentine Lands, that I have concluded to offer my services to buy and sell.

Those having Lands for sale will furnish me plots and quantity, together with a fair description and price.—My commissions shall be moderate.

JAS. G. COOK.

Nov. 21, 1853. 46tf

NEW BOOKS.

CRUDEN'S CONCORDANCE, Tom Owen's Hive of the Bee Hunter; Further supplies of Fashion and Famine; Katharine Ashton, Wellington and Peel, Flush Times in Mississippi and Alabama, &c., &c.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Sept. 26, 1854.

Billiard Tables for Sale.

I HAVE two good Billiard Tables with all the fixtures, which I will dispose of on reasonable terms if application be made soon. JAMES HALES.

Aug. 21, 1854. 24-tf

ANDREWS & JESUP,

No. 70 PINE Street, NEW YORK.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF

Cotton and Woollen Machinery, Machinists' Tools, Leather Belting &c.,

—ALSO—

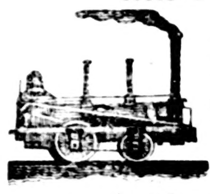
"Manufacturer's Articles"

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Comprising Belting, Card Clothing, Bobbins, Shuttles, Pickers, Roller Skins, Roller Cloth, Oils, &c.

Dec. 27, 1853. 57tf

REDUCED FARE.



Through Tickets between Wilmington, N. C., and Baltimore. Fare $13. Via Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, & Washington City, or via Weldon, Portsmouth and Norfolk.

For Tickets apply at the Office of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company at Wilmington, or at the Office of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, and of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, Pratt Street, Baltimore.

Jan. 1, 1852. 53-tf

Goods! Goods!

We have opened our Store in Campbellton. We offer low for cash or barter, DRY GOODS and GROCERIES.

JESSUP & CO.

March 1, 1854. 76tf

Coopers' Tools, and all qualities of Glue for Distillers use, for sale by

D. & W. McLAURIN.

June 12, 1854. 4tf

2000 Spirit Barrels for sale by

McLAURIN & STRANGE.

June 12, 1854. 4tf

Large Supply of Books and Stationery.

WE are just receiving our new stock of Books and Stationery, embracing

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books of every description; Writing Papers, every kind and price; Drawing Papers, Tissue Paper, Bristol Boards, Tracing Paper, Perforated Boards, white and colored; Copying Books, and Copying Ink; Envelope Paper, Envelopes, of almost every quality, price and size; Slates and Pencils; Drawing Pencils; Newman's and Osborne's English and American Water Colors; Hair Pencils; Steel Pens and Pen Holders; Quills; Red, Black and Blue Ink; Indelible Ink; Ink Stands; Rulers; Sealing Wax; Wafers; Mathematical Instruments; Banker's Walletts; Pocket Books and Porte Monaies; Tooth Brushes; Thermometers; &c., Rodgers's and Wostenholm's Superior Pocket and Pen Knives; Razors, and Razor Straps; Cabas, or Ladies Reticules; Rosewood and Mahogany Writing Desks and Work Boxes, and many other articles unnecessary to enumerate.

☞ We would call the attention of country Merchants, and others to our New Stock, which we are prepared to sell on the best terms for CASH, or on credit to punctual customers.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Oct. 27, 1854.

Fall and Winter Goods.

J. & T. Waddill,

HAY STREET.

ARE now receiving their Fall and Winter GOODS, consisting of a large and well selected stock of

Groceries,
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Blacksmith & Turpentine Tools,
Agricultural Implements,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Saddlery and Leather,
Heavy articles in the Drug line,
Ready-made Clothing, and
Staple Dry Goods.

This Stock we are prepared to Job or Retail.

Fayetteville, Oct. 24, 1854. 43tf

☞ We ask the Planters and Turpentine men to examine our Kerseys, Negro Blankets, Hats and Shoes.

Henry's Commentaries on the Bible,

in 6 volumes, 8vo sheep. Scott's Bible in 6 volumes, and the same in 3 vol. E. J. HALE & SON.

Oct. 27.

NEW BOOKS.

NA Motu, or Reef-Rovings in the South Seas; Freaks of Fortune by J. B. Jones; History of Cuba, by Ballou; The Money Maker, and other Tales by Jane C. Campbell; Our Folks at Home, by Edw'd Tolliver. Alice Seymour, by Mrs. Grey; Ned Musgrave, by Theodore Hook; 2d Series of Fanny Fern's Portfolio; Peter Schlemihl in America, Laconia, or Legend of the White Mountains; Romance of Travel; Adventures of Hunters and Travellers; Thrilling Stories of the Forest Frontier; A Child's History of England by Dickens; The Camp Fires of Napoleon; Pictorial Life of Andrew Jackson, by Frost; Peterson's Familiar Science; Chambers's Miscellany, &c.

E. J. HALE & SON.

FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES.

Great Reduction in Price.

EGENTON, MORRIS & CO.

CONTINUE to make to order, and keep constantly on hand

French Burr Millstones

Of all dimensions, warranted to be of best quality, being made from Burr blocks selected by them from the best quarries in France. They keep for sale

Cologne, Cocalica and Esopus Mill stones; Burr Blocks, Bolting Cloth, Screen Wire, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, &c.

Orders from any part of the country promptly attended to.

R. M. ORRELL,
Agent at Fayetteville, N. C.

March 11, 1853. 76tf

WANTED.

1000 BUSHELS of Rye; 500,000 lbs. well dried Rye straw, for which the highest market prices will be paid on delivery at our Store in Lower Fayetteville. JESSUP & CO.

July 1, 1854. 10-tf

Second Fall and Winter Stock.

STARR & WILLIAMS

ARE now receiving their SECOND STOCK of FALL and WINTER GOODS recently purchased by one of the firm at prices much lower than those of the early part of the season, among which may be seen

A SPLENDID SELECTION OF

DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERED AND FANCY MERINO SHAWS,

with a large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES AND UMBRELLAS.

Wholesale buyers are respectfully invited to examine their goods.

Oct. 9, 1854. 39-tf

A. J. O'HANLON

HAS removed to the Brick Store next west of the Bank of Fayetteville, where he offers for sale low for Cash, Good Notes, or in exchange for country Produce,

80 Bags Rio Coffee,
20 " Laguira Coffee,
5 Hhds. P. R. Sugar,
50 Bbls. Coffee Sugar,
15 Hhds. Molasses,
50 Kegs Nails,
75 Boxes Candy,
40 Bags Shot,
1000 Lbs. Bar Lead.

ALSO,

Windsor Glass, Putty, Soap, Indigo, Madder, Saleratus, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Painted Pails, Brooms, Candles, Ink, &c.

Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to look over the above stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 2. 36-2m

Livery Stables.

The undersigned continue to carry on the LIVERY BUSINESS at this place. They have lately largely increased their Stock and can now offer to the public as good Horses, Carriages and Drivers as can be found in the Southern country.

Thankful for the large patronage heretofore extended to us, we solicit a continuation of the public favor. We promise a satisfactory trip to all who may wish to travel.

☞ Stables at the West end of Mumford street, where one of the Proprietors may always be found, or at the Store first door East of Mr. Lutterloh.

J. W. POWERS & CO.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 22, 1853. 71tf

STOW & SMART,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

THOMAS & FRANKLIN,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware,

No. 128 Pearl Street, and 94 Water Street,

NEW YORK.

July 8, 1854. 12-6mpd

Gill's Ne Plus Ultra BURNISH.

THE Subscriber, a practical Boot-maker of some experience, has for some time been sensible that there is a de[illegible] supplied to the public in the way of a [illegible] for boots and shoes. Most of the articles [illegible] injure the leather or fail to impart the [illegible] necessary to give to man's "*understandings*" [illegible]. He has therefore, during the last two [illegible] been devoting himself to the task of preparing [illegible] free from these objections, and has at length [illegible] much investigation and experiment completely succeeded. The result is "*Gill's ne plus ultra Burnish.*" He only wishes that it may be tested in order to establish its superiority over all others. Call on him at Mr. Nathan Sikes' boot and shoe establishment, on Person street, and be supplied with an excellent article at a cheap rate.

THOMAS GILL.

Nov. 9, 1853. 47tf

100 *Reams Writing Paper,*

EMBRACING French, English and American Cap, Letter, Commercial Note and other Writing Papers, of all kinds, and at prices ranging from the lowest up.

Also, Antiquarian, Double Elephant, Royal, Medium, Demi and Cap Drawing Paper; Demi and Cap Bristol Boards; Perforated Boards of all descriptions; Buff Envelope, or Post Office Paper; Blotting Paper, &c.

50,000 Envelopes, of every quality and description.

Just receiving. E. J. HALE & SON.

Oct'r 2.

TO PASSENGERS.

THE Steamer SUN will leave this place every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 15 minutes after Sunrise; and Wilmington every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, with Passengers and Freight.

R. M. ORRELL, Agent.

Fayetteville, May 31, 1854. 1-tf

MALLETT & PAULMIER,

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

135 Front Street,

NEW YORK.

P. MALLETT.] [J. PAULMIER

August 16, 1852. 18tf

LUTTERLOH & CO.

THE undersigned having on the 20th May last formed a Copartnership under the name and style of "LUTTERLOH & CO," for the purpose of transacting a general Boating business on the Cape Fear River, the Steamer Fanny Lutterloh has been repaired, and is now in superior order for freighting and carrying passengers. She will make regularly two trips a week, leaving Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays at 15 minutes after Sunrise, and Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 o'clock. The Steamer Rowan with a full complement of Flats will make one trip or more a week, as circumstances may require. The Boats of this line being of very light draft of water, shippers may rely on dispatch. The Steamer Fanny Lutterloh has made two trips a week, for the last twenty-two months, up to the 20th May, during the lowest state of the River. Shippers by our line may rely with certainty on dispatch.

W. P. ELLIOTT, Agent Wilmington.
J. F. MARSH, Agent Fayetteville.

T. S. LUTTERLOH,
H. B. ELLIOTT,
J. F. MARSH,
W. P. ELLIOTT,
J. B. TROY, Jr.

July 25, 1854. 17tf

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safe.

WE keep constantly on hand an assortment of the above SAFES, warranted fire-proof; and desirous of extending the demand for them, have induced the makers to consent to deliver them here at New York prices.

D. & W. McLAURIN, Agents.

June 10, 1854. 4tf

$100 REWARD.

TWO attempts have been recently made to injure me pecuniarily, in the destruction, by fire, of my Turpentine lands lying on Beaver and Cross Creeks. One in April last, by which I lost some fifteen thousand boxes. One on yesterday while my hands were at dinner, by which about 1000 Turpentine boxes were destroyed. Being [illegible] I feel it to be my duty to offer the above [illegible] such information as will lead to the co[illegible] the offender or offenders. And I most earn[illegible] upon my friends and all good citizens of [illegible] to aid me in ferreting out the villian or [illegible], in violation of the public peace, regard[illegible] own self-respect and all social duty, thu[illegible] or with malice, attempt, by stealth, to injure the p[illegible] of others.

CHRISTOPHER MUNROE.

July 20, 1854. 15-

NOTICE.

DOCTORS Mallett & McSwain having left their Books and papers with W. McL. McKay, who is fully authorised to receipt for the same, all their customers living West of the Cape Fear River, who may be in arrears either by note or account, will confer a favor by calling on him and settling the same.

W. P. MALLETT.
H. A. McSWAIN.

Fayetteville, Aug. 30, 1853. 24tf

Shemwell House,

Fayetteville, N. C.,

East side Green Street, a few doors North of the Market House.

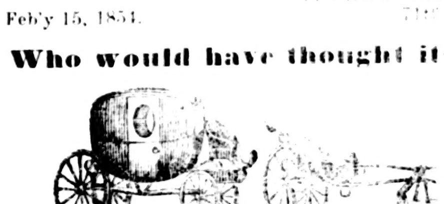
THE subscriber begs leave to announce to the citizens of Fayetteville, and the travelling public, that he has just finished and opened his House, for the reception and entertainment of any who may wish permanent or transient Board.

His Rooms are large and comfortable, and his Table shall always be furnished with the best the market will afford. He also has good and trusty Ostlers, who will attend faithfully to that department of the business. No pains will be spared to make those comfortable who may favor him with their patronage, a share of which is respectfully solicited. Charges shall be moderate.

P. SHEMWELL.

Feb'y 15, 1854. 71tf

Who would have thought it!



A new Carriage Establishment on the Military Green, opposite the Methodist Church, fronting on Mumford Street.

GREAT ENTERPRISE!

Fayetteville is bound to Shine!!

THE Subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have entered into copartnership for the purpose of conducting the general CARRIAGE BUSINESS in all its various parts. And being both practical workmen, fully understanding their business, they have no hesitation to compare work with any establishment in Fayetteville as to style and durability.

One of the firm may be known by reference to A. H. Whitfield's iron work for the last two years.

We warrant all work to give general satisfaction for twelve months.

Repairing done in the neatest manner low for cash.

PIER & BRANIN.

JAMES H. PIER. JAMES BRANIN.

Fayetteville, Jan'y 24, 1853. 62tf

CHARLES KLIFFMULLER,

SOLE AGENT IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

FOR

EGGERT & CO'S

Manufactory of Grand Square and Upright

PIANO FORTES,

NO. 232 PRATT STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Office at Raleigh, at Fr. Mahler & Co's.
" " Fayetteville, Fayetteville Hotel Building.

☞ Old Pianos taken in exchange.
Instruments carefully tuned and repaired.

THE Subscribers respectfully call the attention of the public to their Grand, Square and Upright Pianos, of 6¼, 6½, 7 and 7¼ octaves, for which the Maryland Institute, for the promotion of Mechanic Arts, has awarded the first premium ever awarded by that Institute for improvement in Grand and Square Pianos. These Pianos are in large sized, highly finished cases of Rosewood, with entire iron frame, constructed in the most substantial manner, with all the modern improvements.

The manufacturers use none but the very best seasoned timber, and materials of the choicest qualities, that enable them to warrant their instruments to stand any climate.

The Firm has a patent Right action, operating on such principles that friction is almost entirely relieved or avoided, and their piano can therefore never get out of order.

For chasteness of design, elegance of finish, as well as for fullness, richness, and beauty of tone, these Pianos rank foremost, and are equal to any made here or in Europe.

Wherever these Pianos have been introduced, they have given, in every instance entire satisfaction.

We warrant our instruments to stand good for five years under careful treatment, and will receive them back and substitute others, any time within the first six months from the sale of it, if it shall not prove satisfactory.

EGGERT & CO.,
232 Pratt Street, Baltimore.

May 20, 1854. 98tf

M. A. BAKER'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GUN AND RIFLE MANUFACTORY.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of double and single-barrel Shot Guns; Game Bags; Shot Pouches; Powder Flasks; Drinking Cups and Flasks; Percussion Caps, of American, English and French make; Colt's Repeating, Allen's Revolving, Maynard's Repeating and Revolving Pistols, with Revolving Hammers; Allen's single Self-Cocking, from 2 to 6 inches; German Pistols of all qualities; Bowie Knives; Hunting Knives; Blowing Horns; Cane Guns; Air Guns. All of which are offered at wholesale or retail, on moderate terms.

Rifles made to order, and warranted to shoot from 100 to 900 yards. A good assortment constantly on hand.

Jobbing of all kinds executed with promptness and on reasonable terms.

All orders promptly attended to.

☞ Opposite the Post Office, Fayetteville, N. C.

Sept. 4, 1854. 28tf

Page's Improved Patent Circular Saw Mills.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.,

N. Schroeder St., near West Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally, that they have greatly enlarged their manufacturing establishment, and that their facilities are now such as to enable them to execute all orders, with promptness, for their CELEBRATED PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, which have given so much satisfaction throughout the Union, as also STEAM POWERS of all sizes and kinds, HORSE POWERS, GRIST MILLS, CORN AND COB CRUSHERS, together with various other machines and implements to economise labor.

Since their Circular Saw Mills were invented by, and patented to the Senior Partner, they have made many improvements which render them perfect in all their details, and justly entitle them to be considered among the greatest labor saving inventions of the age.

A Phamphlet containing full descriptions of their *three classes of Mills*, prices, terms, capacity for sawing, &c., will be sent to any Gentleman applying for one by letter, post paid.

Having recently obtained damages in an action brought in the U. S. Circuit Court for the District of Maryland, for an infringement of their *Patents Rights*, they hereby forwarn the public from purchasing Mills, similar to theirs, from unauthorized builders, or their Agents.

Agent at Fayetteville, N. C.,

JNO. M. ROSE.

May 26, 1854. 300Y

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

JUST RECEIVED, a large assortment of GOODS in their line, for sale on favorable terms.

July 26, 1854 17tf

JONES'S DIGEST

OF Reported Cases in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, from Dec. 1845 to August 1853, inclusive, embracing all decisions subsequent to Iredell's Digest and previous to Dec. 1853. By Hamilton C. Jones, Esq. Reporter to the Supreme Court.

For sale by E. J. HALE & SON.

Blank Warrants for sale here.

JAMES E. METTS,

Commission & Forwarding Merchant,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

August 23, 1854.

PEARCE & FERGUSON,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

[illegible]

HA[illegible]

[illegible]

HAY STREET,

Fayetteville, N. C.

[illegible]

R. M. [illegible]

FORWARDING & COMMISSION [illegible]

Fayetteville, N. C.

March 30, 1854.

JOSEPH BAKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken an office next door to W[illegible] Law [illegible] on Green Street [illegible] practice in the County and Superior Courts of [illegible]land, Bladen, Robeson and Samp[illegible]

March 23, 1853.

H. L. HOLMES,

Attorney at Law, Wilmington, N. C.

OFFICE on [illegible]

Dec. 12.

H. BRANSON,

Confectionary and Variety Store

Under the [illegible]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Dec'r 31, 1853.

Worth & Utley

Forwarding and General Commission

MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville, N. C.

J. A. WORTH. [illegible]

T. C. WORTH,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Usual advances made on [illegible] Stores, [illegible]

Particular attention given [illegible] chasing Cargoes, [illegible]

Jan'y 17, 1854.

T. C. & B. G. WORTH,

Commission & Forwarding Merchants,

BROWN'S BUILDING, WATER [illegible]

Wilmington, N. C.

Usual advances [illegible]

Jan'y 17, 1854.

CHARLES BANKS,

CONFECTIONER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Foreign Fruits, Nuts, Cigars, [illegible]

GREEN STREET,

Fayetteville, N. C.

March 1, 1853.

J. S. BANKS,

Commission Merchant,

Fayetteville, N. C.

Sept. 19, 1853.

STARR & WILLIAMS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

HAY STREET,

Fayetteville, N. C.

J. B. STARR.] [illegible]

April 28, 1852.

W. P. ELLIOTT,

General Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

June 10, 1854.

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM,

COMMISSION

AND

FORWARDING MERCHANT,

Wilmington, N. C.

☞ Prompt personal attention given to [illegible] ments, and Cash advances made on [illegible] ped to other ports [illegible]

Feb. 12, 1854.

WILKINSON & ESLER,

DEALERS IN

Confectionary, Foreign Fruits, Nuts, [illegible] *and Snuff,*

AND IMPORTERS OF

SUPERIOR HAVANA CIGARS,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

Aug. 7, 1851.

K. M. MURCHISON,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

July 3, 1854.

SAMUEL W. PEPPER,

SUCCESSOR TO

HENRY I. PEPPER & SON

Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware

No. 175 Chesnut St., (opposite the State House)

PHILADELPHIA.

May 22, 1854.

D. & W. McLAURIN

ARE receiving a large stock of Groceries, Hats, Boots and Shoes, which are offered as low as can be bought in the market, at wholesale or retail.

Oct. 13.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

A LARGE STOCK just received. E. J. HALE & SON.

Oct. 16.

TEAS! TEAS!!

HYSON, Imperial and Oolong, [illegible] for sale by J. N. SMITH.

Nov. 8.

To the Freighting Public.

THE Brothers' Steam Boat Co. is now running with the following Boats:

Str. DOUGLASS,
Str. BROTHERS,
Tow Boat STEVENSTON,
D. LEWIS,
ALFRED ELLIS,
JAS. CASSIDEY,
KINGSBURY, and
ELIZA McDANIEL

to transport all Naval Stores, Produce and other freight intrusted to their care, with as much despatch as any other line of Boats on the River. They are provided with suitable Wharf and Ware-House accommodations to do a general business, and hope by strict attention to the interest of shippers, to meet a share of public patronage.

J. S. BANKS, Ag't, Fayetteville.
JNO. BANKS, Ag't at Wilmington.

Sept. 19, 1853. 29tf